

**Assistant Registrar**

(Punjab Cooperatives)



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# ONE PAPER MCQs



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4000/=

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## Assistant Registrar

**Q.1: The tactics of Satyagraha as a form of passive resistance movement was developed by Mohandas Karamchand Gandhi. While he was in South Africa, he led a few Satyagraha agitations against the then South African Government. What was Gandhi doing in South Africa?**

- A. He had gone there to visit relatives
- B. **He was there to plead a legal case**
- C. He was exiled by the British to South Africa
- D. He went there to attend a wedding ceremony

**Q.2: Which famous actor played the role of Dr. Zhivago in the movie by the same name?**

- A. Peter O'Toole
- B. Marlon Brando
- C. **Yash Chopra**
- D. Zia Mohiuddin

**Q.3: The famous book Gulliver's Travels was written by:**

- A. **Jonathan Swift**
- B. Charles Dickens
- C. Thomas Hardy
- D. Lewis Carroll

**Q.4: Former Foreign Minister of Pakistan Shabzada Yaqub Khan who was died recently had also served as the special Representative of the UN Secretary General for:**

- A. Timor Leste
- B. Rwanda
- C. Kosovo
- D. **Western Sahara**

**Q.5: Former Foreign Minister of Pakistan Shabzada Yaqub Khan who was died recently had also served as the special Representative of the UN Secretary General for:**

- A. Timor Leste
- B. **Rwanda**
- C. Kosovo
- D. Western Sahara

**Q.6: Constantinople is the old name of:**

- A. Baghdad
- B. Ankara
- C. Damascus
- D. **Istanbul**

**Q.7: Golden Temple in India is a sacred place for which religion?**

- A. **Sikhism**
- B. Buddhism
- C. Jainism
- D. Taoism

**Q.8: Which president of the USA was involved in the Watergate Scandal?**

- A. John F. Kennedy
- B. Bill Clinton
- C. **Richard Nixon**
- D. Lyndon B. Johnson

**Q.9: Which mammal lays eggs ?**

- A. Whales
- B. **Platypus**
- C. Penguins
- D. Kiwis

**Q.10: Before the re-unification of Germany what was the capital of West Germany ?**

- A. Frankfurt
- B. **Bonn**
- C. Berlin
- D. Hamburg

**Q.11: Cape of Good Hope is located in which country ?**

- A. Argentina
- B. Namibia
- C. **South Africa**
- D. USA

**Q.12: To which island was Napoleon exiled to in 1815 where he eventually died?**

- A. **Saint Helena**
- B. Eiba
- C. Corsica
- D. Sardinia

**Q.13: In which country is the world's highest waterfall located?**

- A. Zambia
- B. Canada
- C. **Venezuela**
- D. Australia

**Q.14: Recently Prime Minister Nawaz Sharif attended the Climate Change Summit conference held in December 2015. The conference is popularly known as COP21. What does COP stand for?**

- A. Comprehensive Ozone Protection
- B. **Conference of Parties**
- C. Conference of Ozone Polluters
- D. None of these

**Q.15: How many countries so far are members of the European Union?**

- A. **28**
- B. 15
- C. 32
- D. 26

**Q.16: The South African Cricket team is known by the name Proteas. What exactly is Proteas?**

- A. An animal native to Southern Africa
- B. National song of South Africa
- C. **National Flower of South Africa**
- D. Colour green in Zulu language

**Q.17: Wallis Mathias was a test cricketer from 1955 to 1962. Which country did he play for ?**

- A. Australia
- B. West Indies
- C. India
- D. **Pakistan**

**Q.18: Power tends to corrupt and absolute power corrupts absolutely. These words are associated with which personality?**

- A. **Lord Acton**
- B. Winston
- C. Winston Churchill
- D. Aristotle

**Q.19: The Statue of liberty is located in New York USA .it was gifted to the USA by:**

- A. Great Britain
- B. Italy
- C. **France**
- D. Spain

**Q.20: Who said "To each according to his abilities, to each according to his needs"?**

- A. **Kaarl Marx**
- B. M.k.Gandhi
- C. Adam Smith
- D. Plato

**Q.21: Ornithology is the study of :**

- A. bones
- B. Smells
- C. **Birds**
- D. Oceans

**Q.22: Which disease is caused by iodine deficiency?**

- A. Gout
- B. **Goitre**
- C. Ricketts
- D. Scurvy

**Q.23: Dialysis is used for treatment of**

- A. **Kidney failure**
- B. Meningitis
- C. Cholera
- D. parkinson Disease

**Q.24: DNA as a term is frequently used in Forensic investigation. What does DNA stand for ?**

- A. double Nucleic Acid
- B. **Deoxyribo -Nucleic Acid**
- C. Deoxyribo -Nitric Acid
- D. Deoxyribo - Nucleic Association

**Q.25: Banaspati Ghee commonly used in Pakistan is produced by hydrogenation of:**

- A. Corn oil
- B. Soyabean oil
- C. Butter
- D. **palm oil**

**Q.26: MRI is commonly used as a diagnostic tool in hospitals . what does MRI stand for?**

- A. Magnetic Ray Image
- B. Multi Ray Imaging
- C. Magnetic Resonance Investigation
- D. **Magnetic Resonance Imaging**

**Q.27: Polio is caused by a:**

- A. Bacteria
- B. **virus**
- C. Contamination
- D. Vitamin deficiency

**Q.28: Sun is a:**

- A. Planet
- B. Galaxy
- C. comet
- D. **Star**

**Q.29: Which one of the following is not an animal ?**

- A. **Shark**
- B. whale
- C. Dolphin
- D. Seal

**Q.30: The longest bone in the human body is :**

- A. Tibia
- B. **Femur**
- C. Fibula
- D. Sternum

**Q.31: which one of the following is the purest form of gold ?**

- A. 18 carats
- B. 20carats
- C. 22carats
- D. **24carats**

**Q.32: Which one of the following is the largest organ in the human body?**

- A. Liver
- B. Stomach
- C. Heart
- D. **Skin**

**Q.33: Which one of the following disease is caused by drinking of contaminated water?**

- A. **Cholera**
- B. Malaria
- C. Tuberculosis
- D. Diabetes

**Q.34: Son of mughal Emperor Zaheeruddin Babar Emperor Humayun lost his throne to:**

- A. Jalaluddin Akbar
- B. **Sher Shah Suri**
- C. Sher khan
- D. Ameer Noor -ul -Din

**Q.35: which Islamic scholar opposed Akbar's so called Din -i- Ilahi?**

- A. Khawaja Moin -ud -Din Chishti
- B. **Hazrat Shhaikh Ahmad Sirhindi**
- C. Hazrat Data Ganj Bakhsh
- D. Hazrat Gaisu Daraz

**Q.36: After the 1857 war of Independence the Mughal King of Delhi Bahadur Shah was deported by the British to:**

- A. Kathmandu
- B. **Rangoon**
- C. Andaman Island
- D. London

**Q.37: Which British officer shot and killed three of Bahadur Shah Zafar's sons during the 1857 war of Independence?**

- A. **William Hudson**
- B. Colonel Nicholson
- C. John Lawrence
- D. Lt. Wiloughby

**Q.38: In Which year did the Hindi-Urdu Controversy Start ?**

- A. **1867**
- B. 1868
- C. 1869
- D. 1870

**Q.39: After Sir Syed Ahmad Khan who became the Secretary of MAO College Management**

- A. Hakeem Ajmal Khasan
- B. **Nawab Mohsin -ul-Mulk**
- C. Nawab Viqar -ul -Mulk
- D. Moulana Muhammad Ali Johar

**Q.40: Who Founded the Arya Samaj India ?**

- A. Raja Ram Mohan
- B. **Dayananda Saraswati**
- C. Ram Gopal Acharya
- D. Ambedkar

**Q.41: Inian National Congress was founded on the initiative of :**

- A. M.K .Gandhi
- B. **A.O.Hume**
- C. Lord Curzon
- D. Ram Gopal Acharya

**Q.42: Who was the First President of the All India Mullim League?**

- A. Nawab Saeed -uz-Zaman
- B. Nawab Saleemullah
- C. **Sir Agha khan**
- D. Nawab Viqar \_uz-Mulk

**Q.43: Syed Ahmad Shaheed along with Shah Ismail were martyred in a battle with the Sikhs at:**

- A. Panipat
- B. Gujranwala
- C. Peshawar
- D. **Balakot**

**Q.44: Who made the offocoal announcement of the annulment of the partition of Bengals in 1911**

- A. Sir Jphn Jenkins
- B. Lord Hastings
- C. King Geeorge III
- D. **King george V**

**Q.45: In which pact did the leader of the Congress and the Muslim League agree on Constitutional Reforms in India including Separate Electioratiorte for Mulims ?**

- A. Bombbay Pact
- B. Lahore pact
- C. **Lucknow Pact**
- D. Delhi pact

**Q.46: in 1927the British Parliament appoited a Commission to report on the woring of Dyarchy in Indian provinces .Who was the head of this Commission?**

- A. **Sir John Simon**
- B. Sir Stafford Cripps
- C. Lord Chelmsford
- D. Sir George Money

**Q.47: In August 1932 which Brish Prime Minister announced the famous Communal Award Granting separate electorates to dpressed classes in india ?**

- A. Neville Chamberlain
- B. **Stanley Baldonald**
- C. Stanley Baldwin
- D. Clement Attlee

**Q.48: Who was the Prime Minister of Great Britain When Pakistan and india gaitain independence?**

- A. **Clement Attlee**
- B. Wisnton Churchill
- C. Neville Chamberlain
- D. Sir Anthon Eden

**Q.49: Who wrote the National Anthem of India ?**

- A. **Rabinndranath Tagore**
- B. Bal Gangadhar Tilak
- C. Bankim Chander Chatopadhyay
- D. M.K. Gandhi

**Q.50: Quaid \_e -Azam Muhammad Ali Jinnah started isLegal practice in \_\_\_ and became the first Muslim barrister in the city .**

- A. London
- B. Delhi
- C. **Bombay**
- D. karachi

**Q.51: Quaid -e-Azam s daughter Dina decided to marry Neville Wadia against her father s wishes which led to a lifelong estrangement Between the two .What was Nevile Wadia by way of religion**

- A. **Parsi**
- B. Christian
- C. Hindu
- D. Atheist

**Q.52: What was the title of Allama Iqbal s Ph .D Thesis?**

- A. Reconstruction of Reigious ththought in Islam
- B. **The Developtent of Metapsyics in Persia**
- C. Concept of Social Justice in Islam
- D. Influence of Rumi on Sufi Poetry in India

**Q.53: who played the pivotal role in the founding of APWA (All pakistan women's association)?**

- A. **Beghum Raana Liaqat Ali**
- B. Begum Shaista Ikramullah
- C. Begum Jahanara Shahnawaz
- D. Begum Salma Tassaduq

**Q.54: The Indian Independence Act 1947 was mainly based on the recomendations made by:**

- A. The Cabinet Mission
- B. The Cripps Mission
- C. The Wavell Plan
- D. **The Mountbatten Plan**

**Q.55: After the assassination of Liaqat Ali Khan the then Governor General of Pakistan took over as the Prime Minister. Who was appointed as the Govenrer General?**

- A. Muhammad Ali Bogra
- B. Ghulam Ahmad
- C. **Ghulam Muhammad**
- D. Iskandar Mirza

**Q.56: Name the incident that took place in January 1971, which provided an excuse to india to ban all Pakistan flights over Indian territory.**

- A. Attack on India Parliment
- B. Violation of Ceasefire Line
- C. **"Hijacking" of Indian aircraft to Pakistan**
- D. Killing of Indian guard at Wagah Border

**Q.57: After removal of the Nawaz Sharif goverment in 1999, Pervez Musharraf took office of:**

- A. President
- B. Governor General
- C. Prime Minister
- D. **Cheif Executive**

**Q.58: In the Battle of Uhad Hinda mutilated the body of Hazrat Hamza (RA) and chewed his liver. Hinda was the wife of**

- A. Abu Jehl
- B. **Abu Sufyan**
- C. Abdulah ibne Jasha
- D. Wahshi ibn Harb

**Q.59: Durring the Battle of Uhad most of the archers appointed by the Holy Prophet (PBUH) left their desingnated place. Who took advantage and attacked the Muslim and turned the fortunes:**

- A. **Khalid ibn Waleed**
- B. Ikramah ibn Abu Jehl
- C. Wahshi ibn Harb
- D. Haris ibn Harb

**Q.60: Name of the youngest daughter of Holy Prophet (PBUH):**

- A. Hazrat Umme-e-Kulsoom
- B. Hazrat Zainab (R.A)
- C. Hazrat Ruqqaya (RA)
- D. **Hazrat Fatima (RA)**

**Q.61: What is the meaning of "Baqarah"?**

- A. Mountain
- B. Goat
- C. **Cow**
- D. Cave

**Q.62: What was the name of the camel on which the Holy Prophet (PBUH) was riding while migration to Madina?**

- A. Duldul
- B. Anza
- C. **Qaswa**
- D. Zulfiqar

**Q.63: At which place did the Holy Prophet (PBUH) became the Imam of all the prophets during Miraj (Ascension)?**

- A. **Masjid ul Aqsa**
- B. Masjid ul Nabvi
- C. Majid ul Haram
- D. Masjid ul Qiblatain

**Q.64: Umrah can be performed at any time throughout year except 9th to:**

- A. 10lh Zil-Haj
- B. **11 Zil-HAj**
- C. 10th Zil Haj
- D. 12 Ramzan

**Q.65: In which Surah of the Holy Quran essentials of "Wuzu"(Abluion) given?**

- A. Al-BAqarah
- B. **Al-Maidah**
- C. Al-Noor
- D. Al-Nisa

**Q.66: Who signed the Treaty of Hudaibiya on behalf of the Quraish?**

- A. Abu Sufyan
- B. **Sohail bin Amar**
- C. Taoffik bin Amar
- D. Khalid bin Waleed

**Q.67: Who was the first among the Muslims to conquer Northern Africa. He also established the city Kairwoan(Tunisia).**

- A. Muhammad bin Qasim
- B. Khalid bin Walid
- C. Tariq bin Ziyad
- D. **Uqbah bin Nafi**

**Q.68: How many Marlas are there in one acre?**

- A. 180
- B. 140
- C. **160**
- D. 150

**Q.69: How many "Furlongs" make 1 (one) mile?**

- A. 6
- B. 7
- C. **8**
- D. 9

**Q.70: on 25 September 2015 the UN Sustainable Development Summit adopted the 2030 Agenda for sustainable Development Goals (SDGs). How many Goals have been Identified in the MDGs?**

- A. 15
- B. **17**
- C. 19
- D. 12

**Q.71: The Millennium Development goals (MDGs) were adopted in 2000. How many goals were identified in the MDGs?**

- A. **8**
- B. 9
- C. 10
- D. 12

**Q.72: Human Development Index (HDI) is a widely accepted indicator to measure the overall well-being of a country. Who was the man behind the establishment of HDI?**

- A. Amartya Sen
- B. **Mahbub -ul- Haq**
- C. Kofi Annan
- D. Dr. Saleem Muhammad Saleem

**Q.73: Gross National Happiness (GNH) has been proposed as one of the indicators to measure the overall well-being of a country. GNH as an indicator was proposed by**

- A. Sri Lanka
- B. Norway
- C. Singapore
- D. **Bhutan**

**Q.74: Population of Vultures in Pakistan is declining at a very high ratio and efforts are being made for conservation of this endangered bird. What is the main cause of declining vulture population?**

- A. Excessive Use of pesticides
- B. Expanding urban centres
- C. **widespread use of Diclofenic in Livestock**
- D. Excessive poaching

**Q.75: Attabad Lake in Gilgit Baltistan was formed due to a massive landslide which blocked river \_\_\_\_\_ for almost months.**

- A. Kurram
- B. Indus
- C. **Hunza**
- D. Gilgit

**Q.76: Who was Pakistan's first Civilian Chief Martial Law Administrator (CMLA)?**

- A. Iskander Mirza
- B. Ghulam Muhammad
- C. Ayub Khan
- D. **Zulfiqar Ali Bhutto**

**Q.77: Who is considered to be the father of the nation of Singapore?**

- A. Lee kuan Yew
- B. Goh Choc tong
- C. Norodom Sihanouk
- D. Tun Abul Razzaq

**Q.78: The affairs of the cooperative societies in Pakistan are regulated under Cooperative Societies Rules of ;**

- A. 1926
- B. 1927
- C. 1928
- D. 1929

**Q.79: Who is Minister for cooperatives in the Government of Punjab ?**

- A. Malik Muhammad iqbal Channar
- B. Malik Tsnuver Aslam
- C. Raja Ashfaq sarwar
- D. Malik Nadeem Kamran

**Q.80: Who was the First post - independence Chief Minister of Punjab ?**

- A. Mian Mumtaz Daultana
- B. Malik Feroz Khan Noon
- C. Iftikhar Hussain Khan Mamdot
- D. Sadiq Hussain Qureshi

**Q.81: Who succeeded Sir Francis Mudie as the second Governor of Punjab in independent Pakistan ?**

- A. I.I Chundrigar
- B. Sardar Abdur Rab Nishtar
- C. Mian Aminuddin
- D. Mushtaq Anmea Gurmnsni

**Q.82: Ahmad Sukarno remained the president of \_\_\_\_\_ from 1949-1968.**

- A. Malaysia
- B. Indonesia
- C. Burma
- D. Maldives

**Q.83: Squadron Leader M.M Aslam was an ace fighter pilot in Pakistan Air Force .for his bravaver in 1965war he was awarded the :**

- A. Hilal -e-jurat
- B. Nishan \_e\_Haider
- C. Sitara \_E\_jurat
- D. Tamgha \_e\_Shujaat

**Q.84: what is capital of Australia?**

- A. Sydney
- B. Melbopurne
- C. Canberra
- D. Perth

**Q.85: who is the current Chief of Air Staff?**

- A. Air Chief Marshal Tahir Rafiq Butt
- B. Air Chief Marshal Sohail Aman
- C. Air chief Marshal rao Qamar Suleman
- D. Air Chief Marshal Kaleem Saadat

**Q.86: One of the bloodiest battles of the First World War was fought at Ypres (Ieper) where a large number of soldiers from South Asia also died .In which country is this battle field located /**

- A. France
- B. Belgium
- C. Austria
- D. Germany

**Q.87: Presidt Robriel Mugabe is the President of :**

- A. Kenya
- B. Uganda
- C. Zambia
- D. **Zimbabwe**

**Q.88: Dag Hammarskjold remaoned the Secretary General of the United Nation from 1953till 1961when he died in a plane crash . Which country did he belong to?**

- A. **Sweden**
- B. Norway
- C. Peru
- D. Denmark

**Q.89: After the assassination of Prime MinsterIndia Gandhi who became the Prime Minister of India?**

- A. Morarji Desai
- B. Vishwanath Pratap Singh
- C. **Rajive Gandhi**
- D. Sanjay Gandhi

**Q.90: Ernesto Che Guevara was a famous revolutionary guerrilla fighter.to which country did he belong?**

- A. Blivia
- B. Cuba
- C. **Argentina**
- D. Brazil

**Q.91: Nelson Mandela received the Nobel peace Prize in 1993 together with another South African Leader .What was his name ?`**

- A. Oliver Tambo
- B. P.w Botha
- C. **Frederick de klerk**
- D. Archbishop Desmond Tutu

**Q.92: When did Pakistan leave the Commonwealth for the first time before rejoining it in 1989?**

- A. 1965
- B. 1969
- C. **1972**
- D. 1974

**Q.93: which is the second largest Panet in our Solar system?**

- A. jupiter
- B. **Saturn**
- C. Uranus
- D. Neptune

**Q.94: When did the Organization of Islamic Conference change its name to Organization of Islamic Cooperation (OIC)**

- A. **28june2011**
- B. 27Dec2010
- C. 1Jun 2011
- D. 28 June2012

**Q.95: Grameen Bank a pioneer in the field of micro finance was the brainchild of:**

- A. Dr .Riaz Rahman
- B. Fazle Hussain Abid
- C. Dr.Muhammad Salman Rahman
- D. **Prof.Muhammad Younus**

**Q.96: BRICS is the acronym for anassociation of five major emering economies. The grouping comprises Brazil Russia India chena and \_\_\_\_.**

- A. **South Africa**
- B. Singapore
- C. South Korea
- D. Sweden

**Q.97: The permanent Secretariat of ASEAN is located in:**

- A. Singapore
- B. Kuala Lumpur
- C. **Jakarta**
- D. Bangkok

**Q.98: Who was the first man to set foot on the Moon ?**

- A. **Neil Armstrong**
- B. Buz Aldrin
- C. Yuri GFagarin
- D. Frank Borman

**Q.99: The Battle of Waterloo saw the defeat of Napoleon Bonaparte .In which country is this battlefield located?**

- A. France
- B. **Belgium**
- C. Near London
- D. Netherlands



## Assistant Registrar (Answer Key)

1. **B** 2. **C** 3. **A** 4. **D** 5. **B** 6. **D** 7. **A** 8. **C** 9. **B** 10. **B**  
11. **C** 12. **A** 13. **C** 14. **B** 15. **A** 16. **C** 17. **D** 18. **A** 19. **C** 20. **A**  
21. **C** 22. **B** 23. **A** 24. **B** 25. **D** 26. **D** 27. **B** 28. **D** 29. **A** 30. **B**  
31. **D** 32. **D** 33. **A** 34. **B** 35. **B** 36. **B** 37. **A** 38. **A** 39. **B** 40. **B**  
41. **B** 42. **C** 43. **D** 44. **D** 45. **C** 46. **A** 47. **B** 48. **A** 49. **A** 50. **C**  
51. **A** 52. **B** 53. **A** 54. **D** 55. **C** 56. **C** 57. **D** 58. **B** 59. **A** 60. **D**  
61. **C** 62. **C** 63. **A** 64. **B** 65. **B** 66. **B** 67. **D** 68. **C** 69. **C** 70. **B**  
71. **A** 72. **B** 73. **D** 74. **C** 75. **C** 76. **D** 77. **A** 78. **B** 79. **A** 80. **C**  
81. **B** 82. **B** 83. **C** 84. **C** 85. **B** 86. **B** 87. **D** 88. **A** 89. **C** 90. **C**  
91. **C** 92. **C** 93. **B** 94. **A** 95. **D** 96. **A** 97. **C** 98. **A** 99. **B**