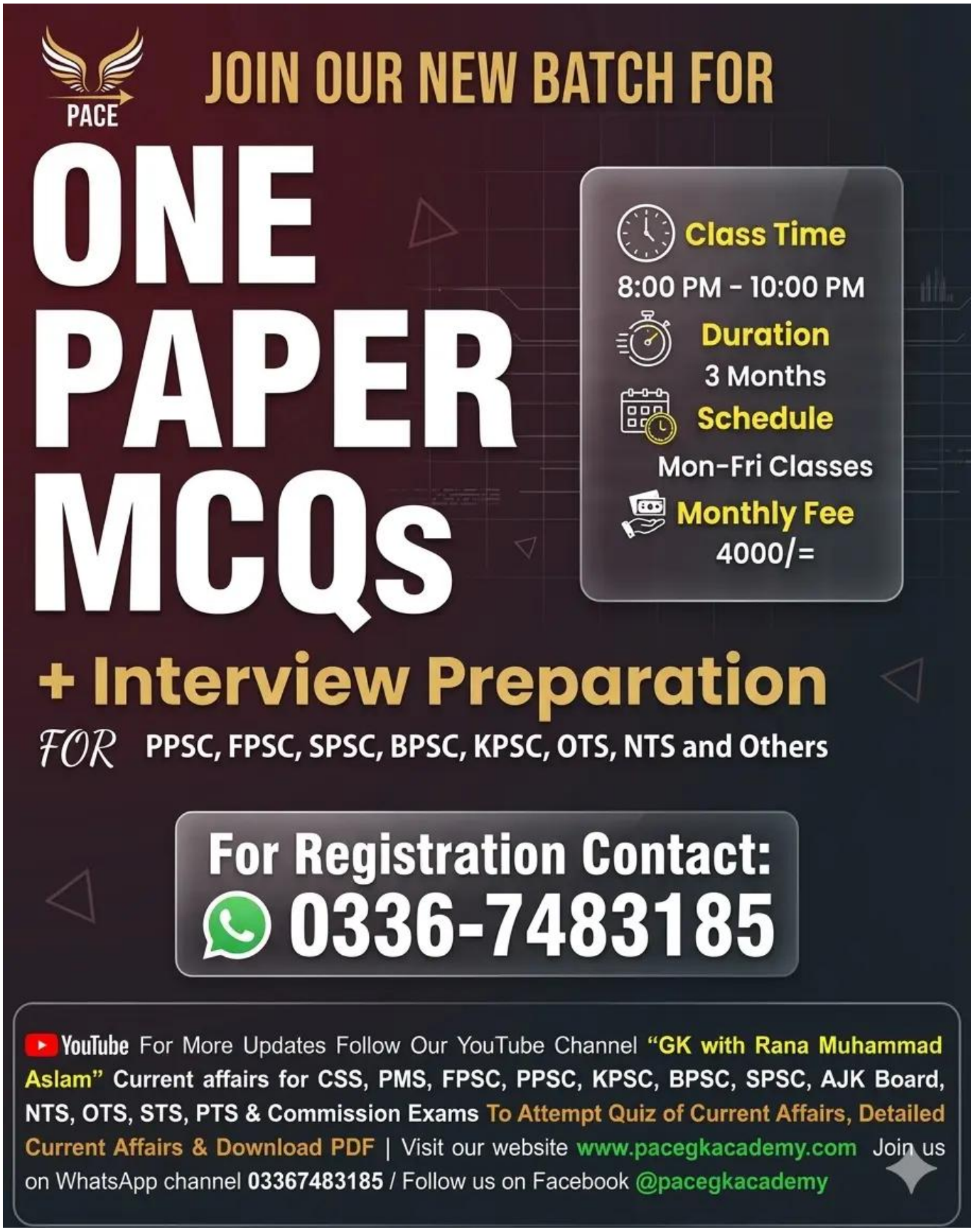
Inspector

(Anti Corruption Establishment)



Inspector

Q.1: In trap cases supervising of raid by a magistrate is:
A. **Mandatory**
B. Not necessary
C. Casual
D. Arbitrary

Q.2: The provincial Anti-corruption Committee shall meet once in every
A. **Year**
B. Six Months
C. Quarter
D. Month

Q.3: Wind blowing in a spiral from around a region of low atmospheric pressure is a
A. Hurricane
B. **cyclone**
C. Anticycline
D. Tornado

Q.4: Sanction for prosecution has to be obtained from authority specified under:
A. PCA 1947
B. **Criminal Law Amendment Act1958**
C. National Accountability Ordinance 1999
D. Punjab Criminal Prosection Service Act 2006

Q.5: Whom of the following has suo moto power regarding dropping of case or department action:
A. **DG ACE**
B. Home Secretary
C. Chief Secretary
D. Chief Minister

Q.6: Which is the smallest ocean in the world?
A. Indion Ocean
B. Atlantic Ocean
C. Pacific Ocean
D. **Arctic Ocean**

Q.7: Ex-officio Additional Drector ACE has jurisdiction in:
A. District
B. Region
C. Province
D. **Department**

Q.8: Oasis is associated with:
A. Glaciers
B. **Desert**
C. Islands
D. Helff

Q.9: Authority competent to grant sanction is authorized to :
A. Affirm
B. **Approve**
C. Rescind
D. Notify

Q.10: How many prophets are mentioned in the Holy Qur'an?
A. **25**
B. 26
C. 27
D. 30

Q.11: Which year is called the year of sorrow (year of grief)?
A. 9th Nabvi
B. 13th Nabvi
C. 6th Nabvi
D. **10th Nabvi**

Q.12: The rising of the evening star indicates the
A. South Pole
B. North Pole
C. East
D. **West**

Q.13: The percentages of Muslims in Jammu & Kashmir is:
A. **80**
B. 85
C. 90
D. 95

Q.14: Which of the following countries is called the land of mild and honey?
A. Syria
B. Iraq
C. Iran
D. **Lebanon**

Q.15: When the truce of Hydaibiya took place
A. **6th Hijri**
B. 7th Hijri
C. 5th Hijri
D. 4th Hijri

Q.16: Names the famous English writer who was awarded the Nobel prize for literature in 1907:
A. Bernard Show
B. **Rudyard Kipting**
C. Lock John
D. D.H Lawrence

Q.17: Zambia is the new name of
A. Congo
B. **Northern Rhodesia**
C. Hespania
D. Euphrat

Q.18: Which Holy Book is called is Gospel?
A. The Torait
B. The Zaboor
C. **The Injeel**
D. The Qur'an

Q.19: The second important step of Hajj after Waquf is:
A. Say'ee
B. **Twaf**
C. Rami
D. Sacrifice

Q.20: After Christianity and Islam the third biggest religion in terms of the following is :
A. Judaism
B. Shintoism
C. Bhuddhism
D. **Hinduism**

Q.21: Who was the founder of the Umayyad dynasty?
A. Yazid
B. Marwan
C. **Mu-awiya(R,A) `**
D. Walid

Q.22: How many Manazils are in the Holy Quran?
A. 10
B. 8
C. 15
D. **7**

Q.23: Which is called the parliament of world?
A. UNO
B. **General Assembly**
C. Security Council
D. WTO

Q.24: UNO day is observed on
A. 15th October
B. **24th October**
C. 21th October
D. 5th October

Q.25: Who was the first key holder of Kaaba among Quraish?
A. **Qussai**
B. BanuHashim
C. Abdullah
D. Abdul Matlib

Q.26: Who compiled the first English dictionary?
A. **Robert Cawdrey**
B. Samual Johnson
C. John Bulloker
D. Henery Cockeram

Q.27: Which is the highest civil award in Pakistan?
A. Nishan-e- Haider
B. Tamgha-e- Pakistan
C. **Nishan-e-Pakistan**
D. Prade of performance

Q.28: The tragic incident of Karbala took place in Moharram:
A. 58 A.H
B. **61 A.H**
C. 65 A.H
D. 70 A.H

Q.29: The tragic incident of Karbala took place in Moharram:
A. 58 A.H
B. 61 A.H
C. **65 A.H**
D. 70 A.H

Q.30: Name the first man to walk in space in 1965
A. Yuri Gagrin
B. Neil Armstrong
C. **Alexel Leonov**
D. Tereskova

Q.31: One of the authentic translations of Quran in English is by
A. **Abdullah Yousaf**
B. Maulana Rehmat Ali
C. Ahmad Ullah
D. Ghulam Akhtar Ali

Q.32: Who is authorized to impose reasonable restriction on Fundamental Rights in Pakistan?
A. Supreme Court
B. **President**
C. Prime Minester
D. Parliament

Q.33: Which prophet has been called as Zun-Noon, in the Holy Quran?
A. Hazrat Yousif (R.A)
B. **Hazrat Younis (R.A)**
C. Hazrat Issa (R.A)
D. Hazrat Ibrahim (R.A)

Q.34: The rupee coin was first minted in India during the rule of
A. Shah Jahan
B. **Sher Shah Suri**
C. East India Company
D. Razia Begum

Q.35: Bata Shoe organization is a
A. American Company
B. **Canadion Company**
C. British Company
D. French Company

Q.36: The term oligarchy means:
A. The rule of Feudal
B. **The rule of few**
C. The rule of tyrants
D. The rule of democrats

Q.37: Where is the headquarters of Interpol?
A. Rome
B. **Lyons**
C. Paris
D. Hague

Q.38: The Asian Development Bank is located in
A. Kuala Lumpor
B. Tokyo
C. Bangkok
D. **Manila**

Q.39: Ex Officio means
A. Retired officer
B. **By virtue of one's office**
C. Terminated oficer
D. Unofficial document

Q.40: What type of infection is tuberculosis?
A. Viral
B. **Bacterial**
C. Fungal
D. Parasituc

Q.41: Who discovered X-Rays?
A. **Wilhelm Conrad Rontgen**
B. Max Planck
C. Max Von Laue
D. Marie Curie

Q.42: Entomology deals with?
A. Plants
B. Animals
C. **Insects**
D. Chemicals

Q.43: One mile is equal to how many kilometers?
A. 1.725
B. 1.108
C. **1.609**
D. 1.475

Q.44: The fastest type of computer memory is:
A. **Chache**
B. Flash
C. Hard disk
D. ROM

Q.45: Which of the following helicopters were used by the Americans in Osama's operation?
A. Cobra
B. Apache
C. **Black Hawk**
D. Puma

Q.46: Raymond Davis claimed immunity from criminal proceedings on the plea of
A. Being an international spy
B. Being a technician
C. **Being a diplomat**
D. Alibi

Q.47: Anna Hazare is
A. Mountain Range
B. A town in KPK
C. A rabel of Nepal
D. **An activist**

Q.48: Which is the capital of Libya ?
A. **Tripoli**
B. Ben Ghazi
C. Trablus
D. Beirut

Q.49: Who is the current General Secretary of UNO?
A. Kofi Annan
B. Francis Joseph
C. **Ban ki Moon**
D. Robert Gates

Q.50: Which of the following female mosquito is the cause of Dengue Fever?
A. Anophilies
B. Barinoies
C. Janomi
D. **Aedes Aegypteis**

Q.51: Under which section of Criminal Procedure Code an officer-in-charge of a police station is empowered to investigate a cognizable offence ?
A. 155
B. **156**
C. 157
D. 169

Q.52: Entries made by patwari in the site plan should be in
A. **Red ink**
B. Blue ink
C. Black ink
D. Green ink

Q.53: Name of the country which is without a constitution:
A. **England**
B. Israel
C. Fiji
D. Morocco

Q.54: Name the author of novel series "Harry Potter"
A. Robin Clark
B. John Smith
C. Earnest Hemmingway
D. **J.K Rowling**

Q.55: Which is the 44th president of the United States?
A. George W. Bush
B. **Barack Obama**
C. Bill Clinton
D. Jimmy Carter

Q.56: Search List required under section 103(2) Cr.P.C should be prepared in the following from of police Rules 1934
A. 25.23(1)(a)
B. **25.23(1)(b)**
C. 25.23(1)(c)
D. 25.23(1)(d)

Q.57: Which is the youngest country in the world?
A. East Timor
B. **South Suden**
C. Kasovo
D. Brunei

Q.58: In which system of units, gas bills are charged
A. SI
B. CGS
C. **BTU**
D. KHW

Q.59: Which of the following is not part of investigation bag
A. Electric torch
B. Follen Paper
C. Magnifying glass
D. **Hand cuffs**

Q.60: A mobile phone sends and receives messages through
A. Sound waves
B. Microwaves
C. Ultraviolet rays
D. **Radio waves**

Q.61: The blood glucose level; is commonly expressed as
A. Millimetre of Hg
B. Milligram per decilitre
C. Parts per million
D. **Crams per litre**

Q.62: As the temperature of ice rises the ice melts and its density
A. Decreases
B. Remains constant
C. **Increases**
D. Increases up to 10 C

Q.63: Rules 25.56 Police Rules seals with
A. Completion report
B. Cancellation report
C. Discharge report
D. **Incomplete charge sheet**

Q.64: The chemical name of laughing gas is
A. Nitric Oxide
B. Nitrogen dioxide
C. Nitrogen pentoxide
D. **Nitrous Oxide**

Q.65: Select the word having the most nearly same meaning as Assimilate
A. Adapt
B. **Absorb**
C. Reject
D. Digest

Q.66: Choose the word having the most nearly same meaning as Indite.
A. To cut notches
B. Obscure
C. **Put into writing**
D. Point out

Q.67: Approver shall remain under arrest until:
A. Bailed out
B. Discharged
C. Acquitted
D. **Conclusion of trial**

Q.68: A driver should always be mentally alert. He is likely to cause disaster if he indulges in---------.
A. a grey eminence
B. hang uo
C. **a brown study**
D. a more's nest

Q.69: Provisions of law regarding tracking are contained in
A. Qanoon-e- shahdat Order
B. **Punjab law Act**
C. Cattle Ponds Act
D. High Court Rules and Order

Q.70: It is reassuring to have friends enquire--------you when you are ill.
A. with
B. in
C. into
D. **after**

Q.71: Visitors to impoverished, countries are often shocked at the number of mendicants in the streets
A. **Biggers**
B. Criminals
C. Vendors
D. Drunkards

Q.72: Which of the following is not part of the inquest report?
A. Plan of scene of death
B. Inventory of clothing
C. List of articles sent for medical examination
D. **Post-mortem report**

Q.73: Mark used to resume a scattered subject is
A. **Dash**
B. Inverted Commas
C. Se3mi colon
D. Colon

Q.74: Who was the first president of Muslim League
A. Quaid-e- Azam
B. **Sir Agha Khan**
C. Nawab Bahadar yar jang
D. Nawab Saleem Ullah

Q.75: What mark is generally used before certain coordinating conjunctions?
A. Exclamenting mark
B. Hyphen
C. **Comma**
D. Colan

Q.76: Identify the part of speech concerning the underlined word "I was young once"
A. Adjective
B. **Adverb**
C. Noun
D. Verb

Q.77: Who was the first defense minister of Pakistan
A. General Dracy
B. Ayyub Khoro
C. **Nawab Liaqat Ali Khan**
D. Feroz khan Noon

Q.78: ان میں سے کون سا لفظ صحیح ہے ؟
A. چودری
B. **چودھری**
C. چوہدھری
D. چوھدری

Q.79: مصحفی اردو کے کون سے ارتفائی دور سے تعلق رکھتے ہیں؟
A. ہندی
B. **ریختہ**
C. اردو ؤے معلٰی
D. اردو

Q.80: Mohenjodaro is also Known as :
A. Mound of the great
B. Mound of the survivors
C. Mound of the Living
D. **Mound of the Dead**

Q.81: مسواک کون سا اسم ئے؟
A. **اسم آلہ**
B. اسم ظرف
C. اسم مصغر
D. اسم نکر

Q.82: ایسی نظم جس میں متعد بند ہوں اعر ہر بند میں متعد مصرے ہوں
A. مسدس
B. مخمس
C. نظم
D. **مسمط**

Q.83: ام العلو م ' کس علم کو کہتے ہیں ؟
A. علم نحو
B. علم زبان
C. ولم ادب
D. **علم صرف**

Q.84: During the Mughal Period, which one of the following traders first come to India?
A. **Portuguese**
B. Dutch
C. Danish
D. English

Q.85: ٹو کر ے پر ہا تھ رہ جانا "اس محا ورہ کا کیا مطلب ہے ؟
A. ہر وقت مزدوری کرنا
B. غریب ہونا
C. امید رہ جا نا
D. **بھر م رہ جانا**

Q.86: حسن مطلع کسے کہتے ہیں؟
A. **مطلع کے بعد والا**
B. قصیدہ کا پہلا شعر
C. غذل کا پہلا شعر
D. غزل کا خو بصوت شعر

Q.87: penny wise pound foolish کا صحیح مطلب کیا ہے ؟
A. جات گنانہ دے گڑدے
B. نیم حکیم خطرہ جان
C. جاٹ گنانہ دے بھیلی دے
D. **نیم جات**

Q.88: Who inaugurated the MAO college in 1877?
A. **Lord Lytton**
B. Lord Curzon
C. Lord Ankiuleck
D. Lord mayo

Q.89: Jalliawala Bagh massacre occurred on:
A. January 30,1918
B. **April 13, 1930**
C. August 14,1920
D. July 3,1930

Q.90: The system of government introduced by the Constitution of 1956 was
A. Provincial
B. **Federal**
C. Co-federal
D. Dictatorial

Q.91: When was the Constitution of 1973 enforced?
A. 10th April 1973
B. **14th August 1973**
C. 23th March 1973
D. 10th August 1973

Q.92: Out of total how many National Assembly seats are allocated to Punjab
A. 175
B. **183**
C. 182
D. 170

Q.93: The place where heaven and earth meet About which place these words are said?
A. Chitral
B. Kalash
C. **Punial**
D. Swat

Q.94: Siachen glacier is present in the region if
A. Shigar
B. Chitral
C. Skardu
D. **Baltistan**

Q.95: Kala Bagh is fomous of minerals of
A. **Iron**
B. Sulphar
C. Salt
D. Lime stone

Q.96: When the Indus Water Treaty was signed ?
A. **19th September, 1960**
B. 19th September, 1962
C. 19th September, 1965
D. 19th September, 1964

Q.97: Which of the following is the longest motorway?
A. M 5
B. M 2
C. **M 8**
D. M 9

Q.98: Headquarter of ASEEN is at:
A. Manila
B. **Jakarta**
C. Kuala Lumpur
D. Bangkok

Q.99: The Punjab Anti-corruption Rules, 1985 are farmed under
A. Prevention of Corruption Act 1947
B. Criminal Law Amendment Ordinance 1944
C. Pakistan Criminal Law Amendent Act, 1958
D. **The Punjab Anti-corruption Establishment Ordinance 1961**

Q.100: One degree of longitude on the equator is equal to a distance of
A. 96Km
B. 80Km
C. 55Km
D. **112Km**

Inspector
(Answer Key)

1. **A**	2. **A**	3. **B**	4. **B**	5. **A**	6. **D**	7. **D**	8. **B**	9. **B**	10. **A**
11. **D**	12. **D**	13. **A**	14. **D**	15. **A**	16. **B**	17. **B**	18. **C**	19. **B**	20. **D**
21. **C**	22. **D**	23. **B**	24. **B**	25. **A**	26. **A**	27. **C**	28. **B**	29. **C**	30. **C**
31. **A**	32. **B**	33. **B**	34. **B**	35. **B**	36. **B**	37. **B**	38. **D**	39. **B**	40. **B**
41. **A**	42. **C**	43. **C**	44. **A**	45. **C**	46. **C**	47. **D**	48. **A**	49. **C**	50. **D**
51. **B**	52. **A**	53. **A**	54. **D**	55. **B**	56. **B**	57. **B**	58. **C**	59. **D**	60. **D**
61. **D**	62. **C**	63. **D**	64. **D**	65. **B**	66. **C**	67. **D**	68. **C**	69. **B**	70. **D**
71. **A**	72. **D**	73. **A**	74. **B**	75. **C**	76. **B**	77. **C**	78. **B**	79. **B**	80. **D**
81. **A**	82. **D**	83. **D**	84. **A**	85. **D**	86. **A**	87. **D**	88. **A**	89. **B**	90. **B**
91. **B**	92. **B**	93. **C**	94. **D**	95. **A**	96. **A**	97. **C**	98. **B**	99. **D**	100. **D**