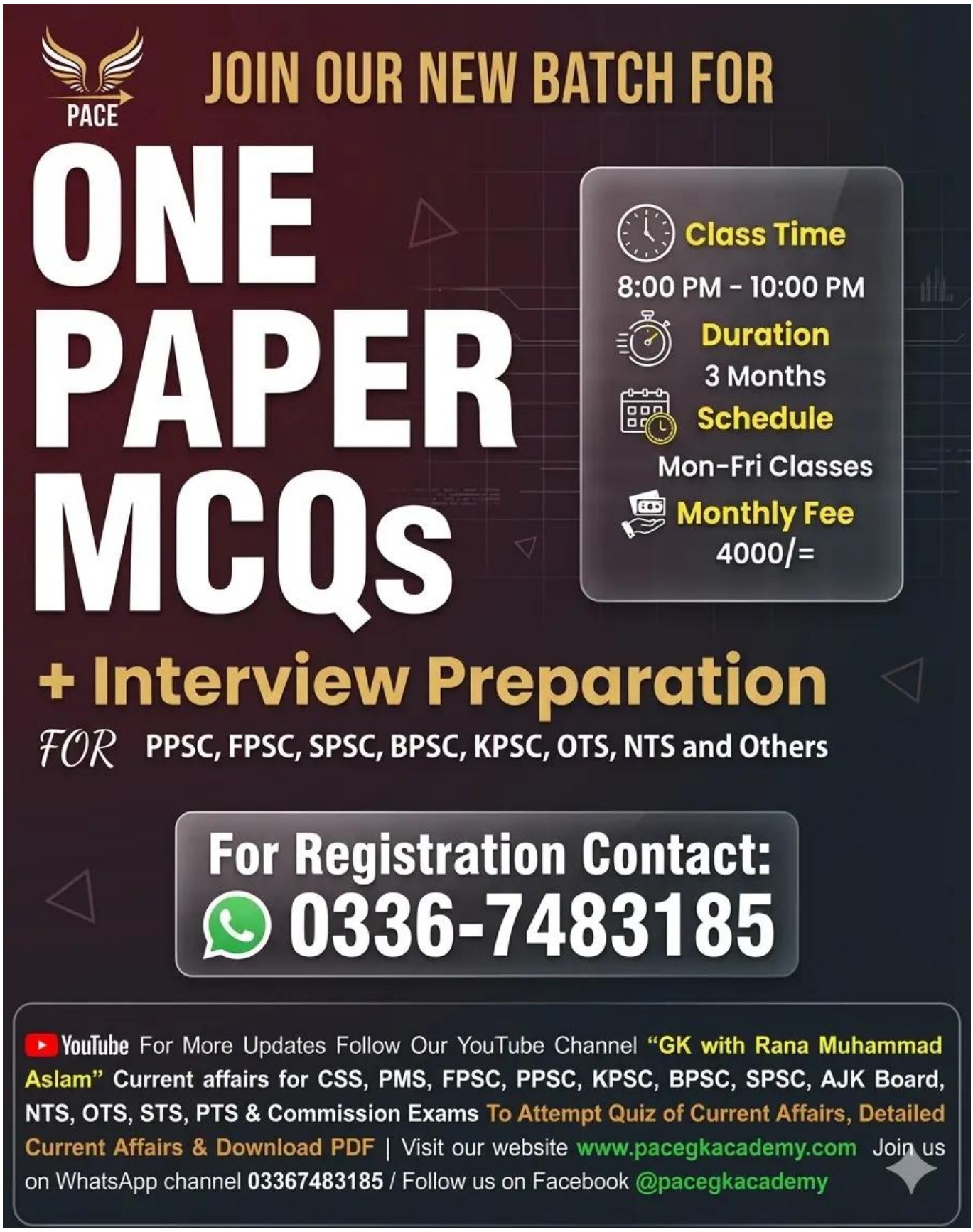
Lecturer Political Science

(Education)



Lecturer Political Science

Q.1: What refers to the flow of Information through the society and through various structures that make up the political system?
A. Conversion function
B. Political Communication
C. **Communication box**
D. None of these

Q.2: Principle of collective responsibility is a feature of :
A. Unitary system
B. federal system
C. Presidential system
D. **Parliamentary system**

Q.3: The concept of popular sovereignty was expounded by :
A. Jean Bodin
B. **Jean.J. Rousseau**
C. Thomas Hobes
D. James Mill

Q.4: In UK, "Right Honorable" is the title of :
A. Cabinet Ministers
B. **Members of the privacy Council**
C. Judges of the Court
D. Members house of commons

Q.5: The smallest administrative unit in British Local Self Govt is :
A. **Parish**
B. County
C. District
D. Brough

Q.6: The number of amendments made in the American Constitution is
A. 25
B. 26
C. **27**
D. 28

Q.7: The author of the American declaration of Independence was :
A. Thomas Paine
B. George Washington
C. James Madison
D. **Thomas Jefferson**

Q.8: Which American state is called " The mother of President " ?
A. Ohio
B. **Virginia**
C. Florida
D. New York

Q.9: Minimum age of candidate to contest the Election of American Senate is :
A. **30**
B. 25
C. 35
D. 40

Q.10: Who is known as Social Contractualist ?
A. Lenin
B. Aristotle
C. **Hobbes**
D. Machiavelli

Q.11: The most important achievement of Abraham Lincoln was
A. Strengthening of Democracy
B. **Abolition of slavery**
C. Supremacy Constitution
D. Women`s Rights

Q.12: To give the political party in power an advantage in electing its representative is known as :
A. Logrolling
B. Floor crossing
C. **Gerrymandering**
D. None of these

Q.13: The Electoral college in united states comprises:
A. 520 Electors
B. 542 Electors
C. **538 Electors**
D. 565 Electors

Q.14: System of " administrative Law" is provided in the constitution of ;
A. USA
B. **France**
C. UK
D. India

Q.15: State of France is :
A. **Unitary**
B. Federation
C. Confideration
D. None of these

Q.16: American Political Scientist of 20th century who adopted the method of system analysis in comparative Politics
A. David Easton
B. Max Weber
C. **Talcott Persons**
D. G.A Almond

Q.17: Who formulated the theory of " Separation of Powers "
A. J.S Mill
B. Kant
C. John Locke
D. **Montesquieu**

Q.18: The constitutional history of France begins with the French Revolution of :
A. 1785
B. 1779
C. **1789**
D. 1798

Q.19: The Lengthiest written constitution of the world is of :
A. China
B. France
C. **India**
D. Switzerland

Q.20: According to Locke, the natural rights of men are right to :
A. **Life,Liberty,Property**
B. Life ,Property,Religion
C. Liberty,Equality,Security
D. None of these

Q.21: In Pakistan , Islam was declared as state religion under the constitution of :
A. 1956
B. 1962
C. **1973**
D. 1985

Q.22: Constitution of Pakistan -1962 and how many articles
A. 245
B. **250**
C. 280
D. 297

Q.23: A voluntary union of Sovereign and independent states is called :
A. **Confideration**
B. Unitary States
C. Federation
D. None of these

Q.24: Pakistan Joined United Nation on :
A. 28 August 1947
B. 52 November 1947
C. **30 Sep 1947**
D. 27 October 1947

Q.25: Total member of Senate of Pakistan is :
A. 87
B. 110
C. 100
D. **104**

Q.26: Single Transferable vote system was suggested for proportional representation by :
A. **Thomas Hare**
B. J.S Mill
C. Lord Corney
D. Gilchrist

Q.27: Who ensures Party members do as per party lines in assembly :
A. Kingpin
B. **Whip**
C. Parliamentary leader
D. Junta

Q.28: " Man when separated from Law and Justice is the worst of all animals " is the saying of :
A. Socrates
B. Plato
C. Machiavelli
D. **Aristotle**

Q.29: Who wrote " The Myth of independence " ?
A. I.H Qurashi
B. Jawahar Lal Nehru
C. **Zulfiqar Ali Bhutto**
D. K.K Aziz

Q.30: Quaid e Azam joined all India Muslim league in :
A. 1910
B. **1913**
C. 1915
D. 1923

Q.31: Who was the author of Communist Manifesto
A. Lenin
B. Stalin
C. Mao Zedong
D. **Karl Marx**

Q.32: The first movements launched against British in India was :
A. Quit India Movements
B. Khilafat Movements
C. **Swadeshi Movements**
D. Non- Cooperation Movements

Q.33: Which Doctrine held that the function of government should be to secure the greatest happiness for the greatest number of people ?
A. **Utilitarian**
B. Communist
C. Idealist
D. Capitalist

Q.34: In which year Urdu Hindi controversy was started ?
A. 1862
B. 1864
C. **1867**
D. 1868

Q.35: In which year Minto-Morley reforms were Introduced in India ?
A. 1907
B. **1909**
C. 1911
D. 1919

Q.36: Stanley Wolpert is the Author of :
A. India Wins Freedom
B. Jinnah creator of Pakistan
C. Emergence of Pakistan
D. **Jinnah of pakistan**

Q.37: Al Farabi was author of :
A. **Al Madinat Al Fadilah**
B. Siyasat Nameh
C. Al- Ahkam Al- Sultaniyyah
D. Tahafut al- al falasifa

Q.38: Allam Iqbal did his M.A in Philosophy from Government college Lahore in the year :
A. 1890
B. **1899**
C. 1895
D. 1889

Q.39: Keemyae-Sadat was written by :
A. Allama Iqbal
B. **Imam Ghazali**
C. Abu Nasar Frabi
D. Nizam-Ul-Mulk Toosi

Q.40: An authoritarian nationalist poltical ideology that embraces strong leadership ,singular collective identity and the will to commit violance or wage war to further interest of the state is :
A. Communism
B. Socialism
C. **Fascism**
D. None of these

Q.41: The Theory of Group Mind " was enuciated by :
A. **Ibn-e- Khuldun**
B. Al-Ghazali
C. Al-Farabi
D. Al Mauwardi

Q.42: An appeal to the prejudice of the masses usually by means of lies and half truth is termed as :
A. Glad-handling
B. **Demagogy**
C. Propaganda
D. None of these

Q.43: According to Aristotle, tyranny is the perverted form of :
A. **Monarchy**
B. Democracy
C. Aristocracy
D. Oligarchy

Q.44: A legal action or writ by means of which prisoners can seek relief from illegal imprisonment is called :
A. Writ of error
B. Writ of Cartiorari
C. **Habeas Corpus**
D. Writ of Mandamus

Q.45: Which king of France said ," L`etat, c`estmoi" (" I am the state ")
A. Louis IX
B. **Louis XIV**
C. Louis XX
D. Louis XVI

Q.46: Re Construction of Religious thought in Islam was written by
A. Al Mauwardi
B. Al -Farabi
C. Ibn-e- Khuldun
D. **None of these**

Q.47: Beside England , United Kingdom consist of :
A. Scotland, Sardinia and Wales
B. Northern Ireland, Wales and Iceland
C. **Scotlands, Wales and Northern Ireland**
D. Wales, Scotland and Faeroe Island

Q.48: In ,Britain the office of the Prime Minister came into existence in the time of :
A. **Hanoverians**
B. Normans
C. Stuarts
D. None of these

Q.49: The Quorum of British House of Lords is :
A. 2
B. **3**
C. 6
D. 11

Q.50: When was the magna Carta signed by king John of England?
A. 1213
B. 1290
C. **1215**
D. 1220

Q.51: Who brought constitutional theory of Islam in the line with Political reality of his time ?
A. Al Ghazali
B. Abu Nasar Farabi
C. Ibn-e-Khuldun
D. **al Mauwardi**

Q.52: In which century " Theory of Divine Right of King " was presented by king James of England?
A. 17th
B. 19th
C. 18th
D. **16th**

Q.53: The Greek Philosopher Plato died in :
A. **347 B.C**
B. 325 B.C
C. 383 B.C
D. 358 B.C

Q.54: In which year Treaty of Westphalia ending the thirty years war was signed ?
A. 1684
B. **1648**
C. 1688
D. 1848

Q.55: Glasnost means :
A. Re construction
B. **Greater Accountability and openness**
C. Workers
D. Equality of people and place

Q.56: In which year World War II ended ?
A. 1949
B. 1948
C. 1947
D. **1945**

Q.57: In which year General Assembly of the united nations adopted the Universal declaration of Human rights.
A. 1947
B. **1948**
C. 1949
D. 1946

Q.58: Who is known as the " Iron Lady "
A. Benazir Bhutto
B. Condoleezza Rice
C. **Margaret Thatcher**
D. Hillary Clinton

Q.59: German attack on Poland was the immediate cause of :
A. World War I
B. **World WarII**
C. 30 years War
D. Eastern European crises

Q.60: The strategic rivalry between the British Empire and thr Russian Empire for supremacy in central Asia is termed :
A. **The great Game**
B. Grand Design
C. Clash of Giants
D. None of these

Q.61: The Soviet Union was dissolved in :
A. 1990
B. **1991**
C. 1992
D. 1993

Q.62: The slogan " No taxation without representation " was first raised during American revolution in :
A. **Boston Tea Party**
B. Philadelphia Congress
C. Massachusetts Assembly
D. None of these

Q.63: Which is not an official language of United Nation ?
A. Arabia
B. French
C. Chinese
D. **German**

Q.64: In UN which country does not possess veto power
A. France
B. **Germany**
C. Britain
D. China

Q.65: How many Judges are member of the International courts of justice?
A. 9
B. 12
C. **15**
D. 20

Q.66: How many members SAARC has ?
A. 7
B. 11
C. **8**
D. 12

Q.67: The first summit of SAARC was held in :
A. Islamabad
B. Colombo
C. Delhi
D. **Dhaka**

Q.68: The members of NAFTA are :
A. **Mexico,Canada, US**
B. US,Maxico,Brazil
C. Canada, Mexico, Britain
D. Mexico US Bolivia

Q.69: Under which amendments in 1990 the US suspended al economic aid military assistance to Pakistan ?
A. Pressler
B. Brown
C. Glenn
D. **Symington**

Q.70: In which year Cripps Mission came India ?
A. 1927
B. 1928
C. **1942**
D. 1946

Q.71: John Locke wrote the book :
A. Leviathan
B. **Two Treaties of Govrnment**
C. The Social Contract
D. Prince

Q.72: Montesquieu wrote the book
A. Candied
B. **Persian letters**
C. Discourse on Equality
D. Politics

Q.73: Grammar of Politics was written by :
A. **Laski**
B. Laswell
C. Gilchrist
D. Garner

Q.74: " The social contract was written by :
A. Locke
B. **Rousseau**
C. Hobbes
D. Marx

Q.75: Indian independence Act was passed on
A. 14th August 1947
B. **18 July 1947**
C. 24 October 1948
D. 3 rd June 1948

Q.76: What was the total number of princely states in the Sub continent during British rule ?
A. 535
B. 435
C. **635**
D. 630

Q.77: Objectives resolution was passed on :
A. 23 March 1948
B. 15 March1949
C. **12 March 1949**
D. 24 March 1949

Q.78: Life of a Presidential Ordinance is :
A. 3 Month
B. 2 Month
C. **4 Month**
D. 6 Month

Q.79: Retirement age of a supreme Court judge is :
A. 60 years
B. 66 years
C. **65 YEARS**
D. 63 years

Q.80: Indus Basin Treaty was signed in :
A. 1961
B. **1960**
C. 1962
D. 1963

Q.81: When was Balochistan given the provincial status ?
A. 1967
B. 1965
C. **1970**
D. 1971

Q.82: Pakistan shares her Eastern border with which country ?
A. **India**
B. China
C. Iran
D. Afghanistan

Q.83: Popularity of Ibn-e Khaldun relates to which Subject
A. Political Science
B. Economics
C. **Sociology**
D. Philosophy

Q.84: " Politics" was written by :
A. Thomas Hobbes
B. **Aristotle**
C. Plato
D. Karl Marx

Q.85: Who Propounded " Patriarchal Theory "
A. Aristotle
B. Louis XIV
C. **Sir Henry Maine**
D. T.H Green

Q.86: Thomas Hobbes was the exponent of :
A. **Absolute Sovereignty**
B. Universal Sovereignty
C. Titular Sovereignty
D. Limited Sovereignty

Q.87: World War I started in :
A. 1916
B. 1915
C. 1912
D. **1914**

Q.88: Tashkent declaration was signed in
A. 1965
B. **1966**
C. 1968
D. 1967

Q.89: Who was the second Prime Minister of Pakistan ?
A. Muhammad An Bogra
B. Ch. Mhammad Ali
C. **Khwaja Nazamudin**
D. I.I Chundrigar

Q.90: When was one Unit established in Pakistan ?
A. **1955**
B. 1954
C. 1956
D. 1957

Q.91: Length of Pak Afghan border is :
A. 2440 km
B. 1280 km
C. 4246 km
D. **2252 km**

Q.92: Pakistan joined Non Aligned movement in :
A. 1980
B. 1978
C. **1979**
D. 1977

Q.93: The term "Polity " is originally applied to :
A. Roman City states
B. **Greek City States**
C. Feudal States
D. Oriental Empires

Q.94: " Political Science begins and end with the state" is said by :
A. Dr.Leacock
B. Harold Lasswell
C. **G.W.Garner**
D. Paul Janet

Q.95: Plato believed that an ideal state should have a population of :
A. 500040
B. 5400
C. 50400
D. **5040**

Q.96: In which year , Sir syed Ahmed Khan established th M.A.O College
A. 1860
B. 1865
C. **1877**
D. 1875

Q.97: A doctrine under which lagislative statute or executive actions are subject to possible invalidation by the Judiciary is called :
A. Judicial Activism
B. **Judicial review**
C. Judicial Lawmaking
D. None of these

Q.98: The consensus among scholars on points of Islamic law is called :
A. Qiyas
B. **Ijma**
C. Istislah
D. Istehsan

Q.99: Who said " Law is the Command of Sovereign"?
A. **Johan Austin**
B. Jean Bodin
C. Rousseau
D. Laski

Q.100: " Leviathan " is a book written by :
A. Locke
B. Rousseau
C. Johan Austin
D. **None of these**

Lecturer Political Science
(Answer Key)

1. **C**	2. **D**	3. **B**	4. **B**	5. **A**	6. **C**	7. **D**	8. **B**	9. **A**	10. **C**
11. **B**	12. **C**	13. **C**	14. **B**	15. **A**	16. **C**	17. **D**	18. **C**	19. **C**	20. **A**
21. **C**	22. **B**	23. **A**	24. **C**	25. **D**	26. **A**	27. **B**	28. **D**	29. **C**	30. **B**
31. **D**	32. **C**	33. **A**	34. **C**	35. **B**	36. **D**	37. **A**	38. **B**	39. **B**	40. **C**
41. **A**	42. **B**	43. **A**	44. **C**	45. **B**	46. **D**	47. **C**	48. **A**	49. **B**	50. **C**
51. **D**	52. **D**	53. **A**	54. **B**	55. **B**	56. **D**	57. **B**	58. **C**	59. **B**	60. **A**
61. **B**	62. **A**	63. **D**	64. **B**	65. **C**	66. **C**	67. **D**	68. **A**	69. **D**	70. **C**
71. **B**	72. **B**	73. **A**	74. **B**	75. **B**	76. **C**	77. **C**	78. **C**	79. **C**	80. **B**
81. **C**	82. **A**	83. **C**	84. **B**	85. **C**	86. **A**	87. **D**	88. **B**	89. **C**	90. **A**
91. **D**	92. **C**	93. **B**	94. **C**	95. **D**	96. **C**	97. **B**	98. **B**	99. **A**	100. **D**