

Assistant Professor History

(Education)



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Assistant Professor History

Q.1: Cabinet Mission plan suggested division of India intoparts

- A. two
- B. **three**
- C. four
- D. five

Q.2: The annulment of the partition of Bengal was done under

- A. Muslim demand
- B. Sikh demand
- C. **Hindu Pressure**
- D. Judicial order

Q.3: At the time of the construction of Kaaba in 606 A.D Holy Prophet (PBUH) solved a dispute on

- A. Distemper
- B. Wood Work
- C. **Placing of Hajr-e-Aswad**
- D. Building Design

Q.4: The Last Sermon (khutba e Hajja tul Wida) was delivered in the Hijri year

- A. 7th
- B. 8th
- C. 9th
- D. **10th**

Q.5: Mehmood bin Farj Neshapuri claimed prophecy during the reign of

- A. **Mutwaqil**
- B. Wasiq
- C. Mo'tasim
- D. Mamoon

Q.6: Identify from amongst the following options the name of Akber's one of Nine Jewels

- A. Bairam Khan
- B. Hemu
- C. **Abdul Fazl**
- D. Rana Pratap

Q.7: Aurengzeb fought the battle of Samugarh against

- A. **Dara Shikoh**
- B. Shuja
- C. Murad Bakh
- D. Kazi Gurban

Q.8: The first Republican President of America was

- A. **Abraham Lincoln**
- B. New Yark
- C. California
- D. Wasington

Q.9: Headquarter of the League of Nation was in

- A. **Geneva**
- B. New York
- C. CALiforina
- D. Wasington

Q.10: Wasil bin At'a was an able disciple of

- A. immam Abu Hanifa
- B. **Hassan Basri**
- C. Imam Malik
- D. Imam Shaafi

Q.11: Wasil bin At's believed that Holy Quran was a

- A. **Creation**
- B. Revelation
- C. Imagination
- D. Idealization

Q.12: Opening of Jacobin Clubs throughout the Great Britain was an influence of

- A. Renaissance
- B. **Reformation**
- C. Enlightenment
- D. French Revolution

Q.13: To pay off old debts the US Congress taxed certain home made goods in 18th Century. it was called the

- A. Withholding tax
- B. Wealth tax
- C. **Excise tax**
- D. property tax

Q.14: King James I granted a Charter to Virginia Company in 1607 for setting up a colony and to trade in

- A. South Africa
- B. **North America**
- C. Central Africa
- D. India

Q.15: American Congress has a right to remove a president from office by a process known as

- A. Dismissal
- B. Disqualification
- C. **Impeachment**
- D. Vote of no confidence

Q.16: Syed Ameer Ali laid foundation of the first Muslim political organization known as

- A. Urdu Defense Association
- B. Anjuman e Himmayat e Islam
- C. **Central National Muhammadan Association**
- D. Jamait e Islami

Q.17: Urdu Gandhi-Irvin Pact of 1931 Congress agreed to call off the

- A. Strike
- B. Hunger Strike
- C. Election boycott
- D. **Civil Disobedience**

Q.18: Before becoming Prime Minister Feroz Khan Noon had worked as Governor of

- A. Punjab
- B. Sindh
- C. Baluchistan
- D. **East Pakistan**

Q.19: When the Congress ministries left the offices in 1939 the Indian Muslims celebrated it as the

- A. Day of judgment
- B. Day of Award
- C. **Day of Deliverance**
- D. Test Day

Q.20: Before becoming the Governor General Khawaja Nazimuddin had been the Chief Minister of

- A. Sindh
- B. Baluchistan
- C. Punjab
- D. **East Pakistan**

Q.21: Napoleon took control of vast areas of mainland Europe but failed to subdue

- A. Prussia
- B. Austria
- C. Russia
- D. **England**

Q.22: Han Dynasty had existed in ancient

- A. Rome
- B. Egypt
- C. **China**
- D. India

Q.23: Whom did Alauddin nominate as his successor?

- A. Rukn-ud-din Feroz
- B. Turkan
- C. **Razia Sultana**
- D. Malik Altunia

Q.24: For which of the Abbasid Caliph's burial one hundred graves were dug

- A. Abdul Abbas
- B. **Al-Mansoor**
- C. Muhammad Mehdi
- D. Musa al-Hadi

Q.25: The territory of England has remained united as one country since which Christian century

- A. 8th
- B. 9th
- C. **10th**
- D. 11th

Q.26: Founder of Mo'tazillah school of thought was

- A. Imam bin Humal
- B. Queen Booran
- C. Hersama
- D. **Wasil bin Ata**

Q.27: Romans arrived in Britain in

- A. 52 BC
- B. 53 BC
- C. 54 BC
- D. **55 BC**

Q.28: From the Indian side Tashkent Declaration was signed by

- A. Jawahar Lal Nehru
- B. **Lal Bahadur Shastri**
- C. Indira Gandhi
- D. Narasimha Rao

Q.29: The United Kingdom was founded on May 1st

- A. **1707**
- B. 1708
- C. 1709
- D. 1710

Q.30: On accession to the throne by Humayun which areas were given by him to his brother Kamran?

- A. Delhi
- B. Mewat
- C. **Kabul and Kandhar**
- D. Sambhal

Q.31: In his inaugural address to the Constituent Assembly Quaid-e-Azam Muhammad Ali Jinnah supported the concept of

- A. Devina Sovereignty
- B. Islamic Kingship
- C. Security State
- D. **Equality before Law**

Q.32: Code of Napoleon or Napoleonic Code was also called

- A. Penal Code
- B. **Civil Code**
- C. Commercial Code
- D. Code of Criminal procedure

Q.33: One of the main characters of "Silk Letter Conspiracy " Was

- A. Ismael Shaheed
- B. **Ubaid-Ullah Sindhi**
- C. Hakeem Ajmal khan
- D. Inayat-Ullah Mashraqi

Q.34: Indus Water Treaty disallowed Pakistan the use of which one of the following rivers?

- A. **Sutlaj**
- B. Indus
- C. Chenab
- D. Jehlum

Q.35: The Young Italy created in Italians

- A. Armed Forces
- B. **Moral Force**
- C. Religious Force
- D. Superstitions

Q.36: In the Battle of the Ditch the Idaea to dig a ditch was given by Hazrat

- A. **Suleman Farsi**
- B. Abu Ayub Ansari
- C. Hassan bin Sabbit
- D. Ali Bin Abu Talib

Q.37: Ecclesiastical Authorities in Medieval Europe worked under

- A. **Theology**
- B. Epistemology
- C. Positivism
- D. Negativism

Q.38: Imam Muhammad bin abdullah known as NAFs Zakia belonged to the family of

- A. **Imam Hassan**
- B. Imam Hussain
- C. Umer Bin Abdul Aziz
- D. Mukhtar Saqfi

Q.39: Queen Zubaida built a canal between

- A. **Taif & Makkah**
- B. Makkah & Madina
- C. Kufa & Baghdad
- D. Kufa & Basra

Q.40: Study of development of sciences and knowledge of sciences is called

- A. Philosophy of history
- B. **Scientific History**
- C. Future History
- D. Narrative History

Q.41: Fazal bin Rablh was a Minister of

- A. **Haroon**
- B. Ameen
- C. Mamoon
- D. Tartoos

Q.42: Humayun, during his hard times, ws granted military aid by Shah

- A. **Tehmasp I**
- B. Tehmasp II
- C. Tehmasp III
- D. Tehmasp Iv

Q.43: Jamia Abbasia (present day Islamia University Bahawalpur) followed the academic programmes of

- A. Madina University
- B. **Al-Azhar University**
- C. University of Baghdad
- D. IUniversity of Corboda

Q.44: Identify the name of Jahangir's wife from the following names

- A. Sultan un Nisa Begum
- B. Bahar Bano Begum
- C. **Sahibi Jamal Begam**
- D. Iffat Bano Begum

Q.45: Mo'tasim built a cantonment on the bank of River Tigris it was called

- A. **Samra**
- B. Satafa
- C. Sundus
- D. Tartoos

Q.46: Rousseau believed that the sovereignty of a State depends on the

- A. Divine Right of Kings
- B. **Will of People**
- C. Strong Monarchy
- D. Agricultural Growth

Q.47: Post Cold War World is bound to Indulge in conflict of different cultural identities was said by

- A. Joseph Huntington
- B. **Samuel P Huntington**
- C. Edward Huntington
- D. George Huntington

Q.48: After the French Revolution privileges of nobility and clergy were

- A. **Abolished**
- B. Enhanced
- C. Created
- D. Doubled

Q.49: Rana Sanga fought a brave resistance battle at Khanwa against Babar in

- A. 1526
- B. **1527**
- C. 1528
- D. 1529

Q.50: The state of Bahalpur was abolished in October

- A. 1954
- B. **1955**
- C. 1956
- D. 1957

Q.51: Humayun allotted which areas to his younger brother Hindal ?

- A. **Mewat**
- B. Sambhal
- C. Kabul
- D. Delhi

Q.52: Akbarnama a biographical account of Emperor Akbar was written by

- A. Raja Man Singh i
- B. Abdul Rahim Khan-i-Khana
- C. Tansen
- D. **Abdul-Fazl Ibne Mubarak**

Q.53: What was the military rank of Lord Mountbatten?

- A. Air Marshal
- B. General
- C. **Admiral**
- D. Field Marshal

Q.54: A study of History is a great work of

- A. **Toynbee**
- B. Collingwood
- C. Herodotus
- D. Saint Augustine

Q.55: Who became Chief Minister of East Bengal after independence ?

- A. H.S Suhrawardy
- B. A.K Fazal ul Haq
- C. Attaur Rehman Khan
- D. **Khawaja Nazim u d-din**

Q.56: The Idea of History was written by

- A. Arnold J. Toynbee
- B. **R.G Collingwood**
- C. Will Durand
- D. Thucydides

Q.57: What title was enjoyed by the Ruler of the Princely State of Chitral?

- A. Nawab
- B. Wali
- C. **Mehtar**
- D. Khan

Q.58: The State of Bahawalpur was founded by

- A. Nawab Sadiq I
- B. **Nawab Bahawal I**
- C. Nawab Feteah Muhammad Khan
- D. Nawab Mubarak

Q.59: Bahaub Din Zikariya Multani belonged to which Sufi order?

- A. MAqshbandia
- B. Qadaria
- C. **Soharwardia**
- D. Chistia

Q.60: What was the title of the Ruler of the State of Lasbela?

- A. Meer
- B. **Jam Sahib**
- C. Khan
- D. Nawab

Q.61: How was Hussain Shaheed Suhrawardy relieved of Prime Ministership?

- A. He tendered voluntary resignation.
- B. He was dismissed by the President
- C. He was impeached by the Assembly
- D. **He had to submit forced resignation**

Q.62: Who was the first bureaucrat who was elevated to the post of Secretary General of a Ministry?

- A. **Ch. Muhammad Ali**
- B. Sikandar Mirza
- C. Ghulam Ahmad
- D. Aziz Ahmad

Q.63: During whose Prime Minister ship Gawadar was purchased back from Sultan of Muscat?

- A. Ch. Muhammad Ali
- B. Muhammad Ali of Bogra
- C. I.I Chundrigar
- D. **Feroz Khan Noon**

Q.64: Who had called Mr.Jinnah the Ambassador of Hindu Muslim Unity?

- A. Moti Lai Nehru
- B. **Gokhley**
- C. Surider Nath
- D. Sarojni Naidu

Q.65: When was the Communal Award announced by the English Government?

- A. 1930
- B. 1931
- C. **1932**
- D. 1933

Q.66: Where was the first annual session of the Muslim League held?

- A. **Karachi**
- B. Bombay
- C. Aligarah
- D. Calcutta

Q.67: When was the Urdu Defence Association founded by Nawab Mohsin ul Mulk?

- A. **1900**
- B. 1901
- C. 1902
- D. 1903

Q.68: Charlemagne was king of which country?

- A. Italy
- B. England
- C. **France**
- D. Germany

Q.69: Who had defined History as The unfolding story of human freedom?

- A. Carr
- B. **Lord Acton**
- C. Barnes
- D. Gottschack

Q.70: In modern data processing systems.....devices like thumb scanners retina scanners and voice recognition are used to input data into the computer system

- A. Electronic
- B. **Biometric**
- C. Scanning
- D. Automatic

Q.71: Which of the following shortcut keys is used to align the selected text to the center in MS Word?

- A. Ctrl+C
- B. Ctrl+R
- C. **Ctrl+E**
- D. Ctrl+T

Q.72: How many kilometers a motorist will travel from 9:48 am to 10:15 am? If he is driving at the speed of 40 kilometers per hour?

- A. **18**
- B. 15
- C. 20
- D. 30

Q.73: Does a bag contain 9 kg. of sugar which is to be separated into packages containing 450 grams each How many such packages can be made?

- A. 16
- B. **18**
- C. 20
- D. 24

Q.74: Choose the correct option. the fever will soon

- A. Abet
- B. **Decline**
- C. Abate
- D. Debate

Q.75: Identify the correct option. the fever will soon

- A. I am sick by your lies
- B. I am sick from your lies
- C. **I am sick of your lies**
- D. I am sick to your lies

Q.76: Choose the correct meaning of LIMPID

- A. Calm
- B. Relaxed
- C. **Clear**
- D. Watery

Q.77: Antonym of Affluence is

- A. Abundance
- B. **Dearth**
- C. Dreadful
- D. Fortune

Q.78: Metatarsal Bones are located in which part of human skeleton?

- A. **Feet**
- B. Hands
- C. Forearm
- D. Shoulders

Q.79: All of the following are non-metallic minerals except

- A. Asbestos
- B. Graphite
- C. **Platinum**
- D. Sulphur

Q.80: Name the architect who designed the Faisal Masjid located in islamabad

- A. **Vadat Dalokay**
- B. Nail Cakirhan
- C. Nurat Soygenis
- D. Kadir Topbas

Q.81: Which of the following mountains separates Asia from Europe?

- A. **Ural Mountains**
- B. Hindu Kush Mountains
- C. Alps Mountains
- D. Atlas Mountains

Q.82: Ashkhabad is the capital of

- A. **Turkmenistan**
- B. Armenia
- C. Azerbaijan
- D. Bosnia

Q.83: The Central National Muhammadan Association was founded in 1877 by

- A. Chaudhri Rehmat Ali
- B. Sir Syed Ahmad Khan
- C. **Syed Ameer Ali**
- D. Mohsin-ul-Mulk

Q.84: When did Pakistan become a member of NAM?

- A. 1961
- B. 1972
- C. **1979**
- D. 1987

Q.85: The length of a cricket bat isinches

- A. 36
- B. **38**
- C. 39
- D. 41

Q.86: The headquarters of World Trade Organization is located in

- A. Vienna
- B. **Geneva**
- C. Brussels
- D. London

Q.87: Which of the following was selected as a crown prince of Saudi Arabia in June, 2017?

- A. **Mohammad bin Salman**
- B. Ahmad bin Fahd
- C. Abdullah bin Bandar
- D. Turk bin Hazloul

Q.88: اصناف نظم میں "ہائیکو" کتنے مصرعوں پر مشتمل ہوتی ہے؟

- A. فقط دو مصرعوں پر
- B. **تین مصرعوں پر**
- C. چار مصرعوں پر
- D. پابندی نہیں طوالت پر

Q.89: آب حیات بڑا معروف تذکرہ ہے اس کے مصنف کون ہیں؟

- A. **مولا محمد حسین آزاد**
- B. حسن عسکری
- C. حامد حسین قادری
- D. نظیر لدھیانوی

Q.90: The most sovereign body of the United Nations Organization is

- A. **General Assembly**
- B. International Court of Justice
- C. Security Council
- D. Secretarial

Q.91: Who led the 2nd Habsha Migration?

- A. Hazrat Hamza (R.A)
- B. Hazrat Bilal (RA)
- C. Hazrat Ali (RA)
- D. **Hazrat Jafar Tayyar (RA)**

Q.92: Immediate reason for the Battle of Badr was the murder of

- A. Utuba
- B. **Umro bin Hazarmi**
- C. Abu Jehal
- D. Walid

Q.93: Hudaibiya truce was signed between Sohail bin Umro and A. Hazrat Muhammad bin Abdullah (RA)

- B. Hazrat abu Bakar(RA)
- C. Hazrat Umer (RA)
- D. Hazrat Usman (RA)

Q.94: Holy Prophet (PBUH) delivered his Last Sermon (Khutba-e- Hajja-tul-Wida) in the field of

- A. Badar
- B. Doma-tul-jandal
- C. **Arafat**
- D. Hunain

Q.95: Qutabuddin Aibak is buried in

- A. Agra
- B. Delhi
- C. Multan
- D. **Lahore**

Q.96: Which of the Tughlaq king was an idealist by nature

- A. Ghiyasuddin Tughlaq
- B. **Muhammad bin Tughlaq**
- C. Feroz Tughlaq
- D. Qutlugh Khan

Q.97: Near an Iraqi town Anbar a capital was built under the name of Madina-tul Mansoor by

- A. Abdul Abbas al Saffah
- B. **Abu Jafar al-Mansoor**
- C. Muhammad Mehdi
- D. Musa al-Hadi

Q.98: Sir Syed Ahmad Khan advised the Indian Muslims not to be in a hurry to take part in

- A. Education
- B. **Politics**
- C. Writing Articles
- D. Youth Festivals

Q.99: In his 14-points, one of the demands Quaid-e-Azam made was to

- A. **Separate Sindh from Bombay**
- B. Quit India
- C. From a confederation
- D. Hold fresh elections

Q.100: All India Muslim League celebrated Day of Deliverance in 1939 after

- A. **Congress quit the governments**
- B. Nehru Report
- C. Simon Commission
- D. Radcliff Award

**Assistant Professor History
(Answer Key)**

1. B	2. C	3. C	4. D	5. A	6. C	7. A	8. A	9. A	10. B
11. A	12. B	13. C	14. B	15. C	16. C	17. D	18. D	19. C	20. D
21. D	22. C	23. C	24. B	25. C	26. D	27. D	28. B	29. A	30. C
31. D	32. B	33. B	34. A	35. B	36. A	37. A	38. A	39. A	40. B
41. A	42. A	43. B	44. C	45. A	46. B	47. B	48. A	49. B	50. B
51. A	52. D	53. C	54. A	55. D	56. B	57. C	58. B	59. C	60. B
61. D	62. A	63. D	64. B	65. C	66. A	67. A	68. C	69. B	70. B
71. C	72. A	73. B	74. B	75. C	76. C	77. B	78. A	79. C	80. A
81. A	82. A	83. C	84. C	85. B	86. B	87. A	88. B	89. A	90. A
91. D	92. B	93. A	94. C	95. D	96. B	97. B	98. B	99. A	100. A