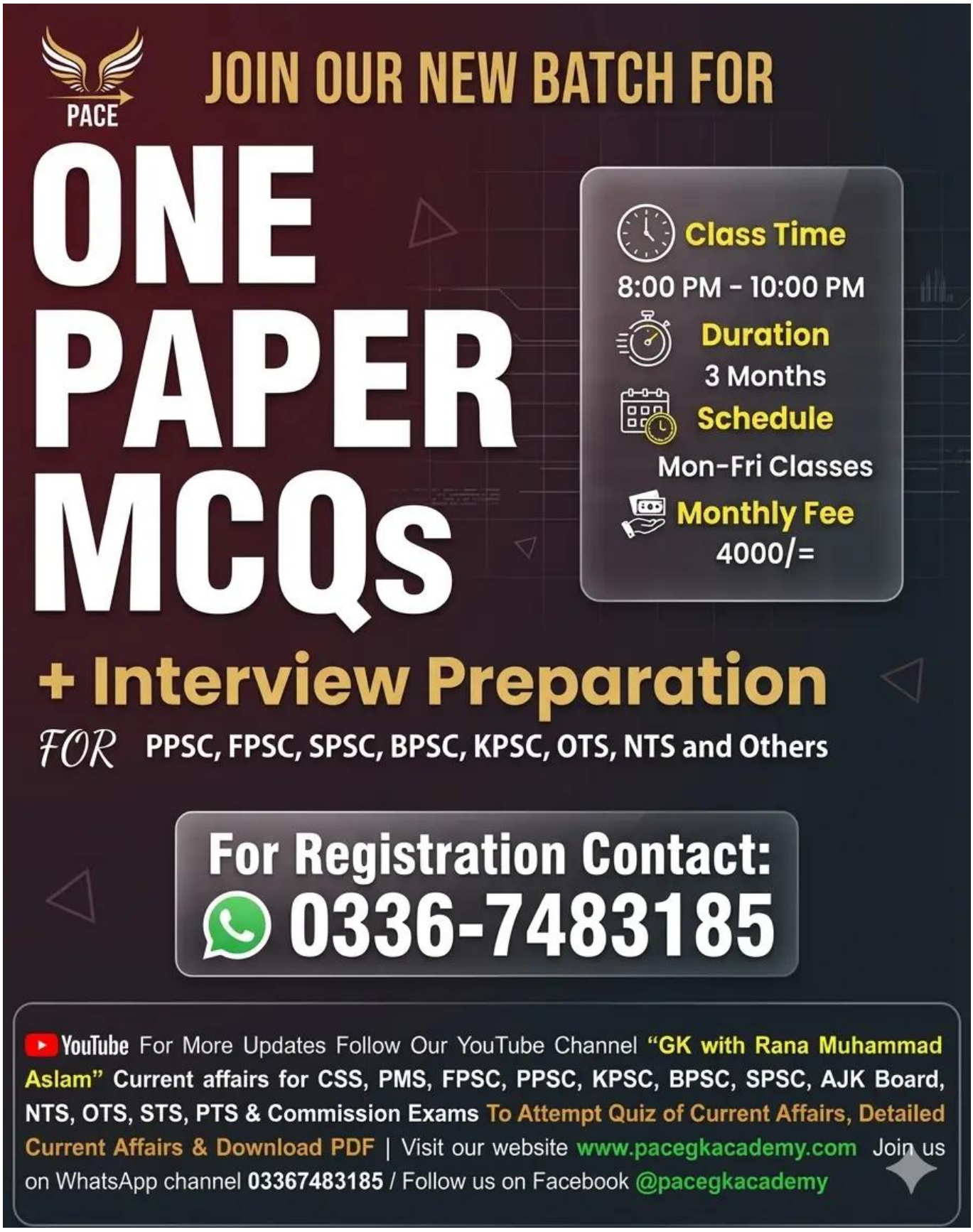
Inspector Legal (Special Cadre) I

(Punjab Police)



Inspector Legal (Special Cadre) I

Q.1: The international secretariat of Amnesty international is situated in :
A. Newyork
B. **London**
C. Geneva
D. Paris

Q.2: The Organ in the body which accumulates iodine is :
A. Pituitary gland
B. **Thyroid gland**
C. Thymus
D. Parathyroid

Q.3: Who invented chronometer?
A. **John Harrison**
B. Marconi
C. Dalton
D. None of these

Q.4: Which is called the 'Land of the Midnight Sun"?
A. Denmark
B. Belgium
C. **Norway**
D. Canada

Q.5: Bledon, known for Lawn tennis courts ,is in:
A. NewYork
B. **London**
C. Washington
D. Geneva

Q.6: Britain 's highest military award is ;
A. **Victoria Cross**
B. Iron Cross
C. Military cross
D. Medal of honour

Q.7: The book " A Farewell to Arms " was written by:
A. **Ernest Hemingway**
B. Charles Dickens
C. Huxley
D. Thomas Hardy

Q.8: The oldest monarchy in the world is that of :
A. **Japan**
B. Nepal
C. UK
D. Kingdom of Saudi Arabia

Q.9: The dress made out of which of the following materials is safest to wear while cooking ?
A. Silk
B. Nylon
C. **Cotton**
D. Terylene

Q.10: Which of the following gases is used for refrigeration ?
A. Chlorine
B. **Ammonia**
C. Phosphine
D. Carbon di oxide

Q.11: Philology is :
A. Study of bones
B. Study of Muscles
C. Study of Architecture
D. **Scientific study of literary texts**

Q.12: The first Satellite was launched by :
A. France
B. **USSR**
C. Japan
D. UK

Q.13: As of , how many countries were member of of the Non Aligned Movements :
A. 100
B. 110
C. **120**
D. 150

Q.14: Which of the following agencies related to UNO was in existence before the world war 2nd?
A. WHO
B. FAO
C. **ILO**
D. IMF

Q.15: The first SAARC summit was held at ?
A. New Delhi
B. **Dhaka**
C. Islamabad
D. Nepal

Q.16: Which among the following is a positively charged particle emitted by a radioactive element?
A. Beta rays
B. **Alpha rays**
C. Gamma Rays
D. Cathode Rays

Q.17: If there is no Sun , the color of the sky would be
A. Orange
B. Blue
C. Yellow
D. **None of these**

Q.18: Which of the following is not a chemical reaction ?
A. Burning of paper
B. **Conversion of water into stream**
C. Digestion of food
D. Burning of Coal

Q.19: A Chronometer meter measures:
A. Sound Waves
B. **Time**
C. Color Contrast
D. Water waves

Q.20: The Lightest particle of the matter is :
A. **Electron**
B. Neutron
C. Proton
D. Deutron

Q.21: Metrology is :
A. **Science of Atmosphere**
B. Study of weight and Measures
C. Study of Growth
D. Study of Stars

Q.22: Which is called "Key to the Mediterranean '?
A. **Gilbaraltar**
B. Egypt
C. Indonesia
D. Iraq

Q.23: Which of the following is known as" Land of White Elephants'
A. Netherlands
B. Indonesia
C. **Thailand**
D. Belgium

Q.24: "Hansard " is the official verbatim report of the
A. **British parliament**
B. US parliament
C. Swiss Parliament
D. Indian parliament

Q.25: Who said " Better to reign in hell than serve in heaven "
A. **Milton**
B. William Shakespeare
C. Tennyson
D. William Wordsworth

Q.26: Vasco de Gama was the native of "
A. United kingdom
B. **Portugal**
C. Spain
D. Greece

Q.27: Which country is separated from Ethiopia by the Red Sea
A. Jordan
B. Iraq
C. Kuwait
D. **Yemen**

Q.28: The term paper gold is associated with
A. Deficit Budgeting
B. **Special drawing rights in international monetary system**
C. Special facility for world bank
D. Gold standard

Q.29: Income that is saved and not invested is known as :
A. Cpital
B. **Deposit**
C. Hoarding
D. None of these

Q.30: European Union consist of
A. 20 members
B. **28 members**
C. 30 members
D. 25 members

Q.31: KGB was the national security agency of :
A. Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia
B. UK
C. Syria
D. **Soviet Union**

Q.32: Who was the Surgeon who pioneered antiseptic surgery in 1865 ?
A. Edward Jenner
B. **Joseph Lister**
C. Henry William
D. John Sleeman

Q.33: The credit of developing the polio vaccine goes to :
A. **Jonas Salk**
B. Alb E, Sabin
C. Selman Waksman
D. None of these

Q.34: Who invented the ball point pen ?
A. Waterman
B. Oscar
C. Wilson
D. **Lazlo Biro**

Q.35: Blaise Pascal is associated with :
A. **Calculation Machine**
B. Computer
C. Cinema
D. None of these

Q.36: A metal which is liquid at rom temperature is :
A. Gold
B. Aluminium
C. **Mercury**
D. Platinum

Q.37: Study of Earthquakes is known as
A. Ecology
B. **Seismology**
C. Numismatics
D. none of these

Q.38: Ecology deals with :
A. Birds
B. Cell formation
C. **Relation between organism and their Environment**
D. Tissues

Q.39: Oncology is the study of :
A. Plants
B. **Cancer**
C. Mammals
D. Soil

Q.40: Optic fibers are mainly used for which of the following ?
A. Weaving
B. Eye Surgery
C. **Communication**
D. Food Industry

Q.41: Mount Logan is the Highest peak in which country ?
A. **Canada**
B. Portugal
C. Russia
D. Cuba

Q.42: In which state of U.S .A is the Harvard university ?
A. California
B. **Massachusetts**
C. New York
D. Florida

Q.43: The first test tube baby of the world was born in
A. France
B. Philippines
C. **Britain**
D. USA

Q.44: What makes Lemon sour ?
A. Tartaric Acid
B. **Citric Acid**
C. Acetic Acid
D. Hydrochloric acid

Q.45: Stare decisis "is essentially the doctrine of :
A. National security
B. Precedent
C. strategic depth
D. **Rule of law**

Q.46: Which country is the largest producer of Platinum?
A. **South Africa**
B. USA
C. Russia
D. Canada

Q.47: The country traditionally known for its neutrality ?
A. Sweden
B. **Switzerland**
C. France
D. China

Q.48: Who discovered the solar system ?
A. **Copernicus**
B. Newton
C. Galileo
D. Kepler

Q.49: Fathom is the unit of measurment for :
A. Sound
B. **Depth**
C. Energy
D. Time

Q.50: Which is the Hardest among following ?
A. Radium
B. **Diamond**
C. Graphite
D. Gold

Q.51: Which of the following is associated with Einstein ?
A. Radioactivity
B. **Theory of Relativity**
C. Rocket Propulsion
D. Quantum Theory

Q.52: Who among the following received Noble Prize twice :
A. Fredric Joliot
B. **Marie Curie**
C. Irene Curie
D. John Wheeler

Q.53: The smallest gland in the body is :
A. Adrenal
B. Pancreas
C. **Pineal body**
D. pituitary

Q.54: London is situated on the bank of river ?
A. Tyne
B. Seine
C. **Thames**
D. Came

Q.55: Plants during night exhale :
A. Oxygen
B. **Carbon dioxide**
C. Nitrogen
D. Hydrogen

Q.56: The Headquarters of OPEC countries is at
A. **Vienna**
B. Jakarta
C. Hague
D. Berlin

Q.57: The only Hindu state in the world is
A. Sri Lanka
B. **Nepal**
C. Bhutan
D. India

Q.58: In which year UNO was established ?
A. 1944
B. **1945**
C. 1946
D. 1935

Q.59: The first Astronaut who landed on the moon ?
A. Yuri Gagrian
B. **Neil Armstrong**
C. Neil Bohar
D. None of these

Q.60: Which continent has no desert ?
A. Australia
B. **Europe**
C. Asia
D. Africa

Q.61: Which Pakistani poet got ' Lenin Prize '
A. Habib Jalib
B. Ahmad Faraz
C. **Faiz Ahmad Faiz**
D. None of these

Q.62: When RCD was replaced by ECO
A. 1982
B. **1985**
C. 1986
D. 1990

Q.63: Inflation means that
A. **money fall in value**
B. Rises in value
C. Money becomes scarce
D. None of these

Q.64: Who among the following is associated with the theory of Laissez Faire
A. **Adam Smith**
B. Marshal
C. Keynes
D. Max Muller

Q.65: America 's Cup is associated with which of the following sports ?
A. **Sailing**
B. Hockey
C. Canoeing
D. Tennis

Q.66: Silk is produced by :
A. **Larva of silkworm**
B. Eggs of silkworm
C. pupa of silkworm
D. None of these

Q.67: Scurvy is a disease of :
A. Eyes
B. **Skin**
C. Hair
D. Liver

Q.68: Which is the sport most commonly associated with Spain ?
A. Football
B. **Bull Fighting**
C. Archery
D. Baseball

Q.69: What is the term used to denote the unauthorized and illegal accessing of computer programs, often with criminal intent ?
A. Virus
B. Plagiarism
C. **Hacking**
D. Breach

Q.70: Which public holiday is celebrated in the USA on 4 July every year ?
A. Costitution Day
B. **Independence Day**
C. Blacks Day
D. New Deal

Q.71: Which country in middle East is the Hashemite Kingdom ?
A. **Jordan**
B. Egypt
C. Syria
D. Kuwait

Q.72: Which body of people is sometimes referred to as "the fourth Estate "?
A. Judiciary
B. Executive
C. **The press**
D. Senate

Q.73: What is the Richter Scale used to measure ?
A. Food
B. Volcano
C. **Earthquack**
D. Tsunami

Q.74: " Kindergarten " refers to ?
A. **a nursery school**
B. a small garden
C. a children playground
D. a children ,s ward in hospital

Q.75: What did Burma change its name to in 1989 ?
A. **Mayanmar**
B. Rangoon
C. Brazil
D. Naypyidaw

Q.76: Which body organ produces Urine ?
A. Pancreas
B. Uterus
C. **Kidney**
D. Large intestine

Q.77: What is meant by 'Cock and Bull story ' ?
A. true story
B. a lengthy tale
C. story told by an idiot
D. **an unbelieveable tale**

Q.78: Rule of Thumb :
A. mark of thumb on a legal paper
B. **an easily applied procedure for making a determination**
C. an easy choice
D. an known rule

Q.79: Renaissance movement first started in :
A. France
B. **Italy**
C. United Kingdom
D. Sweden

Q.80: What are Newton's used to measure ?
A. **Gravity**
B. Volcano
C. Earthquake
D. Tsunami

Q.81: What is the most abendent element in the universe ?
A. **Hydrogen**
B. Oxygen
C. Sodium
D. Copper

Q.82: How many chambers are there in the human heart ?
A. 2
B. **4**
C. 6
D. 8

Q.83: GDP stand for ;
A. Gross Daily product
B. **Gross domestic Product**
C. Gross domestic purchase
D. Gross Daily Purchase

Q.84: Hard Disk in a Computer is a /an.....?
A. Output Device
B. Processor
C. Software
D. **Storage Devices**

Q.85: A set of instructions that operate various parts of the computer Hardware is called ?
A. Hardware manager
B. Device
C. **Software**
D. URL

Q.86: The Capital of Tajikistan is "
A. Dodoma
B. **Dushanbe**
C. Astana
D. Tashkent

Q.87: World Water day is celebrated on :
A. **22nd March**
B. 22nd June
C. 22nd July
D. None of these

Q.88: One who is capable of dealing with many subject is called :
A. Genious
B. **Intellectual**
C. Versatile
D. Vulnerable

Q.89: What is One word substitution for a person who is unable to pay his debt :
A. Poor
B. Vagabond
C. **Solvent**
D. Insolvent

Q.90: The great Persian Empire was founded by :
A. Darius -1
B. Raza Shah Pahlvi
C. **Cyrus the Great**
D. Shah Abbas

Q.91: The place of Persepolis in Iran was destroyed in 331 B.C by :
A. a flood
B. **Alexander the Great**
C. Genghis Khan
D. Ottoman Turks

Q.92: The Palace of king Nebuchadnezzar was situated in the city of :
A. Ninevh
B. **Babylon**
C. Korasabad
D. Dizful

Q.93: Which Vitamin is provided by Sunlight to the body ?
A. Vitamin A
B. Vitamin B
C. Vitamin C
D. **Vitamin D**

Q.94: The Enzyme linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA) uses :
A. **Antibodies**
B. Pathogens
C. Tissue
D. Chemical

Q.95: What is the Chlamydomonas ?
A. **An Algae**
B. A fungus
C. An animal
D. A fossil

Q.96: In Which year , was the first widely available Web Browser ,Mosaic released ?
A. **1993**
B. 1995
C. 1996
D. 1998

Q.97: The world famous "Golden Gate Bridge" is situated in :
A. London
B. Paris
C. **San Francisco**
D. Sydney

Q.98: The smallest unit of data in a computer is :
A. **Bit**
B. Bit Kilobit
C. Terabyte
D. Byte

Q.99: What is the most common Salt in sea water ?
A. Calcium Carbonate
B. Potassium Chloride
C. **Sodium Chloride**
D. Magnesium Sulphate

Q.100: "The Last Supper" , a famous Renaissance painting was masterpiece of ;
A. Titan
B. Michael Angelo
C. **Leonardo de Vinci**
D. Raphel

Inspector Legal (Special Cadre) I
(Answer Key)

1. **B**	2. **B**	3. **A**	4. **C**	5. **B**	6. **A**	7. **A**	8. **A**	9. **C**	10. **B**
11. **D**	12. **B**	13. **C**	14. **C**	15. **B**	16. **B**	17. **D**	18. **B**	19. **B**	20. **A**
21. **A**	22. **A**	23. **C**	24. **A**	25. **A**	26. **B**	27. **D**	28. **B**	29. **B**	30. **B**
31. **D**	32. **B**	33. **A**	34. **D**	35. **A**	36. **C**	37. **B**	38. **C**	39. **B**	40. **C**
41. **A**	42. **B**	43. **C**	44. **B**	45. **D**	46. **A**	47. **B**	48. **A**	49. **B**	50. **B**
51. **B**	52. **B**	53. **C**	54. **C**	55. **B**	56. **A**	57. **B**	58. **B**	59. **B**	60. **B**
61. **C**	62. **B**	63. **A**	64. **A**	65. **A**	66. **A**	67. **B**	68. **B**	69. **C**	70. **B**
71. **A**	72. **C**	73. **C**	74. **A**	75. **A**	76. **C**	77. **D**	78. **B**	79. **B**	80. **A**
81. **A**	82. **B**	83. **B**	84. **D**	85. **C**	86. **B**	87. **A**	88. **B**	89. **C**	90. **C**
91. **B**	92. **B**	93. **D**	94. **A**	95. **A**	96. **A**	97. **C**	98. **A**	99. **C**	100. **C**