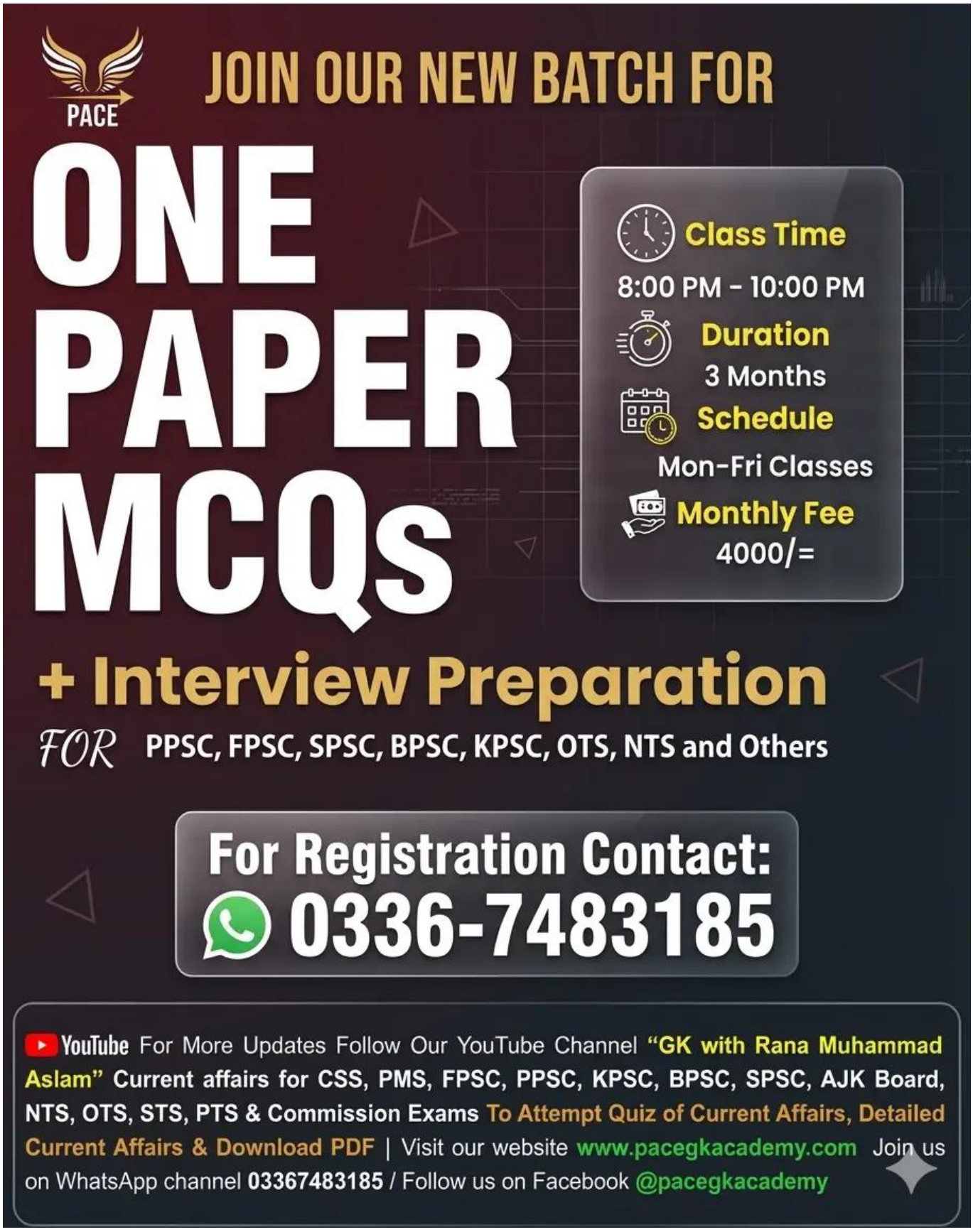
Social Security Officer

(Punjab Employees Social Security Institution (PESSI))



Social Security Officer

Q.1: Which word is correctly spelt in the following set of words:
A. garuantee
B. gaurantee
C. **guarantee**
D. guarentee

Q.2: Which word is correctly spelt in the following set of words:
A. Violit
B. Voilance
C. Violance
D. **Voile**

Q.3: De Facto means
A. **In practice**
B. By law
C. By the way
D. By fiction

Q.4: There has been a completer break of law and order in the country.
A. up
B. off
C. **down**
D. of

Q.5: The police must enough evidence to ensure his country.
A. hoard
B. **gather**
C. store
D. capture

Q.6: The first Chief Minister of Punjab after creation of Pakistan was :
A. Sir Sikandar Hayat Khan
B. **Nawab litikhar Hussain Mamdot**
C. Mian Mumtaz Khan Daultana
D. Nawab Sir Khizar Tiwana

Q.7: Famous Punjab writer Waris Shah wrote his famous book' Heer Ranjah' living at the town of:
A. Harbanspura
B. **Malka Hans**
C. Takht Hazara
D. Jhang

Q.8: Rohtas Fort was built on the orders of Sher Shah Suri by:
A. **Raja Todar Mal**
B. Barjram Khan
C. AbulFazl
D. Raja Birbal

Q.9: The foundation stone of the Sikhism's holiest place " Golden Temple"at Amritsar was laid by:
A. Guru Nanak Devji
B. Khawaja Ghareeb Nawaz
C. Acharya Rakeshprasad pande
D. **Hazrat Mian Mir**

Q.10: The Chairman of the Council of Common interests is the:
A. President
B. Chief Justice of Pakistan
C. **Prime Minister**
D. Attoreny General

Q.11: which of the following is collected by the Punjab Employees Social Security Institution?
A. **Social Security Contribution**
B. Property Tax
C. Education Cess
D. Both A and C

Q.12: The Big Three of International Cricket Council (ICC) do not include thhe following:
A. England
B. **South Africa**
C. Australia
D. India

Q.13: Pakistan Men's Hockey Team has won the Asian Games gold medal Times.
A. Five
B. Four
C. Nine
D. **Eight**

Q.14: Hockey's Champions Trophy in 2014 was held in:
A. Malaysia
B. **India**
C. Germany
D. Australia

Q.15: Trachoma is a disease of the
A. Brain
B. Spinal Cord
C. Larynx
D. **Eye**

Q.16: The Element which is most abundant in the Earth's crust is:
A. Silicon
B. Iron
C. Aluminium
D. **Oxygen**

Q.17: The gas commonly used in balloons is:
A. Hydrogen
B. **Helium**
C. Oxygen
D. Carbon dioxide

Q.18: Compressed Natural Gas (CNG) has the same chemical composition as that of:
A. LPG
B. **Sui Gas**
C. Tear gas
D. Poison Gas

Q.19: An ordinary mobile phone communicates by using:
A. Sound waves
B. Infranred waves
C. **Radio waves**
D. NV waves

Q.20: Another organ that filter blood besides the heart, in human body is:
A. Pancreas
B. Spleen
C. Live r
D. **Kidney**

Q.21: if x^2=32 what is x^2
A. 5
B. 10
C. **25**
D. 1924

Q.22: An example of a heredity disease is :
A. Polio
B. **Haemophilia**
C. Cholera
D. Typhoid

Q.23: Exposure to sunlight results in formation of in the body.
A. Vitamin A
B. vitamin C
C. Vitamin K
D. **Vitamin D**

Q.24: List the Fraction 2/3,5/8 and 13/20 in ascending order
A. **2/3,5/8,13/20**
B. 5/8,2/3,13/20
C. 13/20,5/8,2/3
D. 13/20,2/3,5/8

Q.25: Basit's weight increased by 25% from year 2009 to 2014. if his weight was k Kilogram in 2014, what it in 2009?
A. 1.75 k
B. 1.25 k
C. **0.80 k**
D. 0.75 k

Q.26: The first Western Scientist to suggest that the Earth revolved around the sun was:
A. Kepler
B. Newton
C. **Copernicus**
D. Galileo

Q.27: The instrument for measuring the speed of wind is:
A. **Anemometer**
B. Speedmeter
C. Hygrometer
D. Tachometer

Q.28: if 3/4 of the hospital employees are females, the ratio of males to female employees in the hospital is
A. **1:3**
B. 3: 7
C. 3:4
D. 4:3

Q.29: Which country has been declared as a "major non-NATO ally" of the United States of America?
A. Turkey
B. **Pakistan**
C. India
D. Italy

Q.30: The headquarters of SAARC is located in:
A. karachi
B. Colombo
C. Dhaka
D. **Kathmandu**

Q.31: Pakistan recognised People's Republic of China in:
A. 1951
B. 1949
C. **1950**
D. 1948

Q.32: if 100 kg of rice is divided into packages of 4/7 kg each, the total number of packages will be :
A. 125
B. 150
C. 100
D. **175**

Q.33: Who was the 1st Governor General of Pakistan:
A. Kh. Nazimud Din
B. Ghulam Muhammad
C. Liqat Ali Khan
D. **Quaid-e-Azam Muhammad Ali Jinnah**

Q.34: Who issued the famous pamphlet "Now or Never " in 1933?
A. **Ch.Rahmat Ali**
B. Maulana Muhammad Ali Johar
C. Maulana Shakat Ali
D. Allam Iqbal

Q.35: Prime Minister of Pakistan Liaqat Ali khan was assassinated on:
A. **October 16, 1951**
B. October 18, 1951
C. October 19, 1951
D. October 20, 1951

Q.36: When was Pakistan Resolution moved?
A. 22 March, 1940
B. **23 March, 1940**
C. 24 March,1940
D. 25 March, 1940

Q.37: The first Chief Justice of Pakistan was:
A. Zafar-ul-Haq
B. **Abdul Rashid**
C. Mushtaq Hussain
D. Sajjad Ali Shah

Q.38: In which year Minto Morley Reforms were introduced in india?
A. 1907
B. **1909**
C. 1911
D. 1915

Q.39: Which poet had written the National Anthem of Pakistan?
A. Faiz Ahamd Faiz
B. **Hafeez Jullundri**
C. Sufi Ghulam Mustafa Tabssum
D. Qateel Shifai

Q.40: if x+y =6, y+z=7 and z+ x=9 the average(arithmetic mean) of x,y and z is
A. **11/3**
B. 11/2
C. 22/3
D. 11

Q.41: The Currency of Japan is:
A. Dollar
B. Lira
C. **yen**
D. Franc

Q.42: The Cabinet Mission was headed by:
A. Sir Stafford Cripps
B. A.V.Alexander
C. **Lord Pethick Lawrence**
D. Lord Mayo

Q.43: Greenwich is situated near:
A. **London**
B. New York
C. Tokyo
D. Paris

Q.44: In the National Assembly of Pakistan, minonities are allocated seats.
A. 9
B. **10**
C. 8
D. 7

Q.45: The Headquarters of Arab League is at:
A. Rabat
B. **Cairo**
C. Riyadh
D. Amman

Q.46: An important river of Pothohar Plateau is:
A. Hub river
B. Bolan river
C. Gomal river
D. **Swan river**

Q.47: The newest district of Punjab out of the following is:
A. **Nankana Sahib**
B. Pakpatten
C. Kasur
D. Mandi Bahauddin

Q.48: Which country is known as the 'Cockpit of Europe'?
A. Switzerland
B. **Belgium**
C. Italy
D. Netherlands

Q.49: The Ratio of the circumference of a circle to its radius is :
A. 1
B. **π/2**
C. 2π
D. √π

Q.50: The Number of pairs of ribs in human body is:
A. **12**
B. 15
C. 20
D. 30

Q.51: Ethiopia was earlier knows as:
A. Christina
B. Formosa
C. **Abyssinia**
D. Persia

Q.52: Which country is known as the 'Land of Rising Sun'?
A. **Japan**
B. China
C. Thailand
D. Malaysia

Q.53: Al Azhar University is situated in:
A. Tehran
B. **Cairo**
C. Kuwait
D. Tunisia

Q.54: x^2- y^2=28 and x-y=8 then the average of x and y is :
A. 3.5
B. **1.75**
C. 7
D. 8

Q.55: The first Commercial Bank of Pakistan was:
A. **Habib Bank Limited**
B. Muslim Commercial Bank
C. UBL
D. HSBC

Q.56: The fate of Khyber-PakhtunKhwa (Form NWFP) at the time of independence was decided by:
A. **Referendum**
B. Election
C. Jirga
D. None of these

Q.57: if 3: 00 Am , the temperature was 13 degree C therefore, the average hourly increase in temperature was :
A. **5 degree**
B. 7.5 degree
C. 45 degree
D. (19/6) degree

Q.58: In 7 years wasim will be twice as old as he was 8 years ago. how old he is now ?
A. 12
B. **23**
C. 32
D. 21

Q.59: The most important feature of Government of India Act of 1919 was the introduction of :
A. Provincial Autonomy
B. Adult Franchise Diarchy
C. **Diarchy**
D. Seprate Electorate

Q.60: Employees Social Security Institution in Pakistan were set up under international conventions of :
A. WTO
B. **ILO**
C. OPEC
D. UNESCO

Q.61: the name of the fifth Kalimah is :
A. Kalimah Tauheed
B. Kalima Shahadat
C. **Kalima Istighfar**
D. Kalimah Tamjeed

Q.62: which is the 4rth month of the Islamic Year ?
A. Muharram
B. **Rabi us Sani**
C. Shawal
D. Shabaan

Q.63: identify the last Ghazwa in which the prophet Hazrat Muhammad (ﷺ) participated
A. Mutah
B. **Tabuk**
C. Hunain
D. Ahzab

Q.64: Hazrat Abu Bakar died in :
A. 10 Hijra
B. 11th Hijra
C. **13 Hijra**
D. 15 th Hijra

Q.65: The Cripps Mission visited india in the year .
A. 1940
B. **1942**
C. 1943
D. 1944

Q.66: According to Treaty of Hudaibiya, a truce(peace) was declared between Muslims and Quraish for _____ years ?
A. 5
B. 7
C. **10**
D. 12

Q.67: To Which Arab Tribe did Hazrat Usman belong ?
A. Bani Hashim
B. Aus
C. Khazraj
D. **Bani Umaayyad**

Q.68: Hazrat Yousif was the son of :
A. Hazrat Ishaq
B. **Hazrat Yaqoob**
C. Hazrat Ismail
D. Hazrat Loot

Q.69: EOBL is the abbreviation of:
A. **Employees Old -Age Benefits Institution**
B. Emplovees of Bank & Industries
C. Employees ' Offices and Banking Institution
D. None of these

Q.70: Which Surah of the Holy Quran is called the heart of the Quran?
A. Surah Al- Ikhlas
B. Surah Al- Baqra
C. **Surah Ya Sin**
D. Sura Ar- Rahman

Q.71: what is the name given to Ist Kalimah ?
A. **Kalimath Tayyabah**
B. Kalimath Shahdat
C. Kalimath Tamjeed
D. Kalimath Tauheed

Q.72: Pick out the meaning of Ushr?
A. 5th part
B. **10th part**
C. 15th part
D. 20th part

Q.73: شوکت صدیقی نے اپنے کس ناول میں پی ٹی وی پر ڈرامہ کی شکل میں بھی پیش کیا گیا ہے جس پر معاشرہ میں اقتصادی نا ہمواری غربت اور سماجی چیز کی پیش کیا گیا ہے ؟
A. چاند گرہن
B. تلاش بہاراں
C. جانگلوس
D. **خدا کی بستی**

Q.74: بتایئے "شاعر کا انجام" کس کی تصنیف ہے ؟
A. **نیاز فتح پوری**
B. فرمان فتح پوری
C. خواجہ حسن نظامی
D. مجنوں گور کھپوری

Q.75: نیا نشان کس ڈرامہ نگار کا ڈرامہ ہے ؟
A. **خواجہ معین الدین**
B. امانت لکھنوی
C. اشفاق احمد
D. آغا حشر

Q.76: Who was the British prime Minister at the time of Second Round Table Conference ?
A. **Ramsay McDonald**
B. Celement Attlee
C. Chamberlian
D. Lord Curzon

Q.77: مصور قطرہ کس مشہور ناول نگار کا لقب ہے ؟
A. عبدالحلیم شرر
B. مرزا ہادی
C. **خواجہ حسن نظامی**
D. راشد الخیری

Q.78: کتاب 420 ایک کتاب کا عنوان ہے یہ بتائے کہ یہ کتاب کس مشہور ناول نگار اور ڈرامہ کی تصنیف ہے ؟
A. جمیل ملک
B. **شوکت تھانوی**
C. مرزا ادیب
D. اے حمید

Q.79: سعادت حسن منٹو نے ادبی سفر کے آغاز مین کو سا قلمی نام اختیار کیا تھا ؟
A. حسن
B. **آدم**
C. علوی
D. شعور

Q.80: The first Round Table Conference was held in ?
A. **London**
B. paris
C. Dublin
D. Lahore

Q.81: ریشمی خطوط ریڈیو کا مشہور ڈرامہ ہے اس کے خالق کا نام بتایئے ؟
A. جمیل ملک
B. اے حمید
C. **ریاض فرشوری**
D. بشریٰ رحمن

Q.82: چارہ گر کس مشہور خاتون ناول نگار کا ناول ہے ؟
A. **بشریٰ رحمن**
B. الطاف فاطمہ
C. خدیجہ مستور
D. حمیدہ جبیں

Q.83: Asar-us- Sanadeed was written by :
A. **Sir Syed Ahmad Khan**
B. Muhammad Ali Johar
C. Nazir Ahmad
D. Ameer Ali

Q.84: مشہور تاریخی ناول نگار حجازی کا پہلا تاریخی ناول کون سا ہے ؟
A. معظم الی
B. کلیسا او ر آگ
C. **داستان مجاہد**
D. شاہین

Q.85: مولانا شبلی نعمانی کی کتاب الفاروق کا انگریزی ترجمہ کس نے کیا ؟
A. مولانا محمد علی جوہر
B. مولانا شوکت علی
C. **مولانا ظفر علی خان**
D. مولانا الطاف حسین حالی

Q.86: Cowardice is the opposite of:
A. Admonition
B. Injustice
C. **Valour**
D. Repression

Q.87: Degrade means:
A. wit a grade
B. of D grade
C. **Abase**
D. Abet

Q.88: Cataclysm means
A. **Upheaval**
B. Catalyst
C. Moderator
D. Catcall

Q.89: Buoyant is the opposite of
A. Restive
B. **placid**
C. Resistant
D. Retiring

Q.90: Majestic means
A. Authoritative
B. Magic
C. Magisterial
D. **Regal**

Q.91: Expedite means
A. Expedition
B. **Hasten**
C. Expedient
D. Practical

Q.92: Which word is correctly spelt in the following set of word :
A. Obsolite
B. **Absolute**
C. Absolete
D. Obsilete

Q.93: Acquit has the same meaning as
A. Forge
B. Accuse
C. **Exonerate**
D. Reimburse

Q.94: Zealot means
A. Beginner
B. Patron
C. Murderer
D. **Fanatic**

Q.95: Vitality has the same meaning as:
A. Effluent
B. **Affuent**
C. Influence
D. Effervescence

Q.96: Commodious is the opposite of
A. **limited**
B. Expensive
C. Numerous
D. Leisurely

Q.97: The policeman's story conflicts that of the accused.
A. from
B. to
C. **with**
D. in

Q.98: A young police officer was charged the task of transporting the prisoners.
A. for
B. by
C. in
D. **with**

Q.99: Parallel is the opposite of:
A. **Divergent**
B. Alongside
C. Equidistant
D. Laterally

Q.100: The debate in the Parliament was adjourned the following week.
A. with
B. for
C. into
D. **to**

Social Security Officer
(Answer Key)

1. **C**	2. **D**	3. **A**	4. **C**	5. **B**	6. **B**	7. **B**	8. **A**	9. **D**	10. **C**
11. **A**	12. **B**	13. **D**	14. **B**	15. **D**	16. **D**	17. **B**	18. **B**	19. **C**	20. **D**
21. **C**	22. **B**	23. **D**	24. **A**	25. **C**	26. **C**	27. **A**	28. **A**	29. **B**	30. **D**
31. **C**	32. **D**	33. **D**	34. **A**	35. **A**	36. **B**	37. **B**	38. **B**	39. **B**	40. **A**
41. **C**	42. **C**	43. **A**	44. **B**	45. **B**	46. **D**	47. **A**	48. **B**	49. **B**	50. **A**
51. **C**	52. **A**	53. **B**	54. **B**	55. **A**	56. **A**	57. **A**	58. **B**	59. **C**	60. **B**
61. **C**	62. **B**	63. **B**	64. **C**	65. **B**	66. **C**	67. **D**	68. **B**	69. **A**	70. **C**
71. **A**	72. **B**	73. **D**	74. **A**	75. **A**	76. **A**	77. **C**	78. **B**	79. **B**	80. **A**
81. **C**	82. **A**	83. **A**	84. **C**	85. **C**	86. **C**	87. **C**	88. **A**	89. **B**	90. **D**
91. **B**	92. **B**	93. **C**	94. **D**	95. **B**	96. **A**	97. **C**	98. **D**	99. **A**	100. **D**