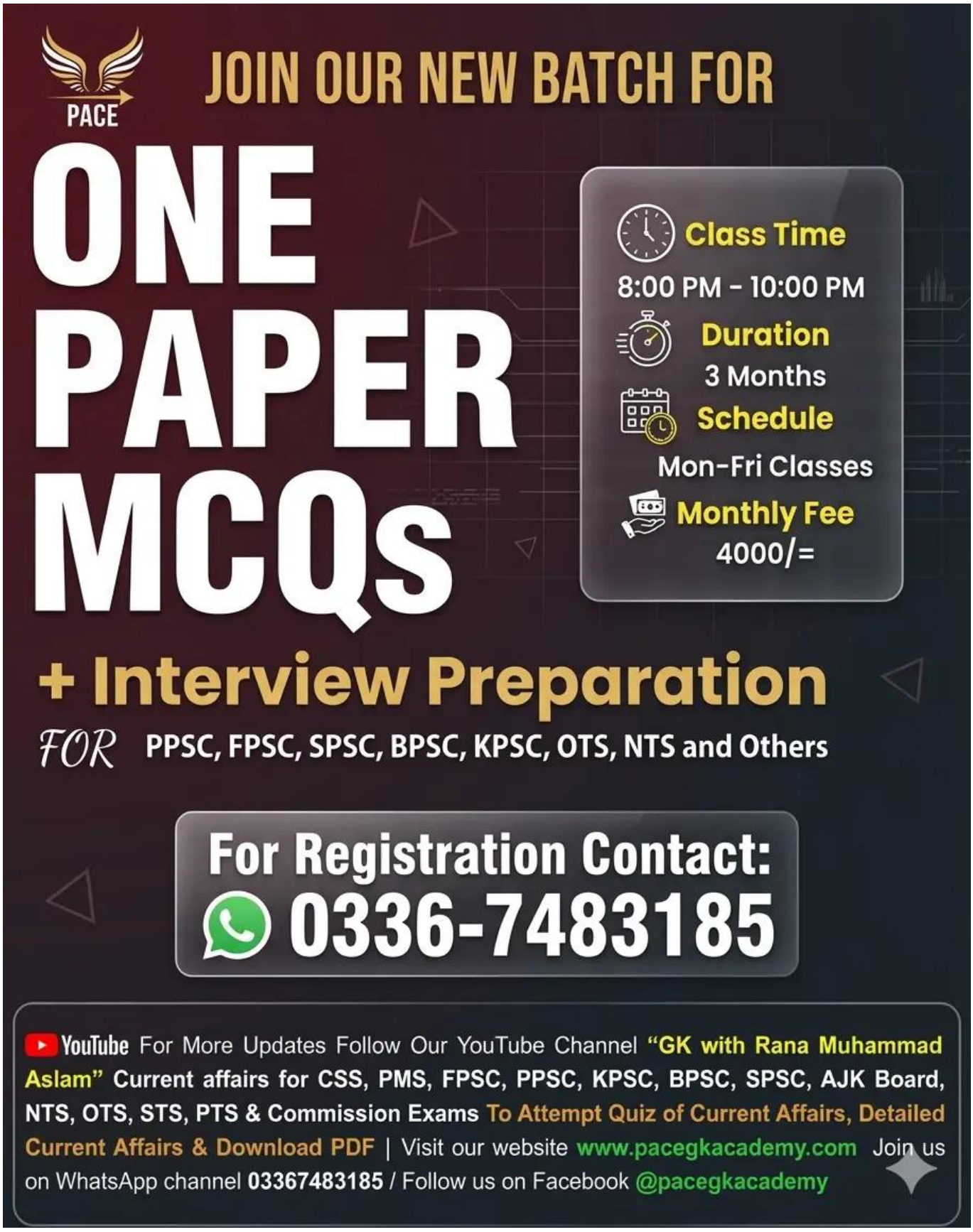
# Provincial Management Service

(Provincial Management Service(PMS))



# Provincial Management Service

**Q.1: Headquarter of the African Union (AU) is located in;**
A. Johannesburg
B. **CAiro**
C. Dakar
D. Addis Ababa

**Q.2: Which of the following Indian Nobel Prize winners is associated with economics?**
A. V.S Naipaul
B. **Amartya Sen**
C. C.V Raman
D. Hargobind KHorana

**Q.3: The World famous paintings on the ceiling of the Sistine Chapel in the Vatican City were painted by:**
A. Sandro Bottiecelli
B. Leonardo Da Vinci
C. **Michelangelo**
D. Pietro Perugino

**Q.4: The Earth takes about --------- to complete one rotation around its axis.**
A. 48 hours
B. One month
C. **24 hours**
D. 365 days

**Q.5: When a gas turns into a liquid the process is called;**
A. **Condensation**
B. Evaporation
C. Deposition
D. Sublimation

**Q.6: Yeast used in making of bread is a;**
A. **Fungus**
B. Plant
C. Bacteria
D. Seed

**Q.7: During the visit to Islamabad of Indian Foreign Minister Shushma Swaraj it was agreed to resume Composite dialogue between India and Pakistan. In which year the two Countries first agree to have regular structured dialogue in the form of composite dialogue?**
A. 1996
B. **1997**
C. 19998
D. 2004

**Q.8: The disease Diptheria affects the ----- in the human body .**
A. Kidneys
B. Intestines
C. **Throat**
D. Joints

**Q.9: Who said Right is a reasonable claim recognized by the society and enforced by the state.**
A. Laski
B. **Bosenquet**
C. Green
D. Marx

**Q.10: When was the first Nobel Prise awarded?**
A. 1992
B. 1900
C. **1901**
D. 1904

**Q.11: The Presidaency of the United Nations Security Council rotates (in alphabetical order) among its members every**
A. 6 months
B. 3 months
C. 2 months
D. **One months**

**Q.12: Who among the following argues that the fault lines of civilization are the breeding grounds of conflicts in the century.**
A. Francis Fukuyama
B. **Samuel Huntington**
C. Henry Kissinger
D. Nelson Mandela

**Q.13: UNESCO. which deals with Education , Science and Culture, has its headquarter in ;**
A. New York
B. Vieanna
C. **Paris**
D. Geneva

**Q.14: Beijing Declaration and Platform for action (1992) deals with?**
A. International Trade
B. **Rights and Status of women**
C. Rights and protection of Children
D. Population control

**Q.15: If Asif is standing in a queue in such a way that he is sixth in a way that he is sixth in the queue from either side, then how many people are there in the queue?**
A. **11**
B. 9
C. 12
D. 13

**Q.16: Who is the Chairman of Pakistan Electronic media Regulatory Authority ( PEMRA)?**
A. **Absar Alam**
B. Perwez Rathore
C. Chaudhary Rashid
D. Rauf Klasra

**Q.17: The zero sum game as employed by the supporters of Game theory assumes that:**
A. **The loss of one party is the gain of the other party**
B. The loss of one party is the loss of the other party
C. The gain of one party is the gain of the other party
D. The gain or loss of one party is the gain or loss of the other party

**Q.18: Sharmeen Obaid Chinoy of Pakistan won an Oscar Award for best documentary film what was the title of the film?**
A. Acid Burns
B. Desperate Women
C. Dark Shadows
D. **Saving Face**

**Q.19: In March 2015 the United Nations decided to increase Pakistan's Conventional Shelf from 200 to 350 nautical miles. When did Pakistan Submit its request for increasing limits of its Conventional Shelf, to the United Nations?**
A. **April 2009**
B. October 2010
C. January 2011
D. January 2012

**Q.20: herbert Simon identified four basic motivations of subordinates to accept the will of superior which one of the following is not one of them?**
A. Rewards and Sanctions
B. **Social disapproval**
C. Legitimacy
D. Subordinates confidence in superior's ability

**Q.21: Maslow's "Needs Hierarchy" theory relates to:**
A. **Motivation**
B. Leadership
C. Communication
D. Upward mobility

**Q.22: "Chauburji" in Lahore is one of the famous monuments belonging to the Mughal period, It was reportedly built as a gateway to a beautiful garden built for Princess Zebunissa. She was an accomplished daughter of which Mughal Emperor?**
A. Shah Jahan
B. Akbar
C. Jahangir
D. **Aurangzeb**

**Q.23: Who said Man is by nature a political animal?**
A. Winston Churchill
B. Karl Marx
C. **Aristotle**
D. Francis Bacon

**Q.24: Which of the following is not necessarry for a stand-alone computer?**
A. RAM
B. Hard Disk
C. Operating System
D. **LAN Card**

**Q.25: During the British rule the only British King to visit India and hold his Darbar was;**
A. Edward VII
B. **George V**
C. James II
D. Edward VI

**Q.26: The provisions of the 21st Amendment to the Constitution of Pakistan shall remain in force for a period of;**
A. Tariq Fatemi
B. Sartaj Aziz
C. **Nawaz Sharif**
D. Zahid Hamid

**Q.27: LED technology is energy efficient. What does LED stand for?**
A. Low Energy Data
B. Low Energy Diode
C. **Light Emitting Diode**
D. None of these

**Q.28: Who is the current Foreign Minister of Pakistan?**
A. Tariq Fatemi
B. Sartaj Aziz
C. **Nawaz Sharif**
D. Zahid Hamid

**Q.29: Which among the following is the odd one out?**
A. RAM
B. ROM
C. Cache
D. **Hard Disk**

**Q.30: Ramsar Convention provides a framework for national action and International cooperation for conservation a wise use of wetlands. The Convention was adopted in 1971 in Ramsar, which is a city located in:**
A. **Iran**
B. Egypt
C. Moroco
D. Tunisia

**Q.31: What was the code name given to United States Navy SEALS operation leading to elimination of Osama bin Ladan in Abbotabad?**
A. Lionheart
B. **Neptune Spear**
C. Geronimo
D. Shockwave

**Q.32: The current Auditor General of Pakistan is;**
A. Buland Akhtar Rana
B. Chaudhary Muhammad Ilyas
C. **Rana Asad Amin**
D. Sarshar Ahmed Khan

**Q.33: Reshma was a legendary folk singer of Pakistan . She died of Cancer in Lahore in ;**
A. **Nov 2013**
B. Nov 2012
C. Jan 2009
D. Dec 2014

**Q.34: Facebook is one of the most popular social networking service. When was it launched?**
A. 1998
B. 2000
C. 2003
D. **2004**

**Q.35: Padagogy is the Science of ;**
A. Children diseases
B. Languages
C. Civilisation
D. **Teaching**

**Q.36: Famous Urdu poet Mustafa Zaidi was by professiona :**
A. University Professor
B. Businessman
C. lawyer
D. **Civil Servant**

**Q.37: Famous TV drama "Waris was written by?**
A. Attaulhaq Qasmi
B. Dr. Anwar Sajjad
C. **Amjad Islam Amjad**
D. Shahid Nadeem Asdghar

**Q.38: The fifth heart of Asia: Istanbul Process Ministerial meeting was held in Islamabad on 8-9 December 2015. Where was the fourth Meeting held?**
A. Istanbul
B. Tehran
C. **Beijing**
D. Jeddah

**Q.39: Who was India's Foreign Minister prior to Ms. Shushma Swaraj?**
A. S.M Krishana
B. Arun Jaitley
C. Pranab Mukherjee
D. **Salman Khursheed**

**Q.40: Article 257 of Constitution relates specifically to Jammu and Kashmir. According to the article when the people of Jammu and Kashmir accede to Pakistan then:**
A. They shall become citizens of independent Kashmir
B. Kashmir shall become a province of Pakistan
C. **People of Kashmir shall determine the relationship between the state and Pakistan**
D. Kashmir shall become an autonomous region

**Q.41: What was the rank of former Foreign Minister, Gohar Ayub Khan, when he left the Army?**
A. **Captain**
B. Major
C. Colonel
D. Brigadier

**Q.42: The first battle of Panipat was fought between :**
A. Alexander and Porus
B. **babar and Ibrahim Lodhi**
C. babar and Rana Sanga
D. Humayun and Sher Shah Suri

**Q.43: What was the rank of former Foreign Minister, Gohar Ayub Khan, when he left the Army?**
A. **Captain**
B. Major
C. Colonel
D. Brigadier

**Q.44: India tested its first Nuclear device on :**
A. 15 May 1972
B. **18 May 1974**
C. 11 May 1998
D. 20 May 1999

**Q.45: HDI (Human Development Index) as an indicator of the well-being of a country was the brain child of**
A. Amartya Sen
B. Javier Pere de Guellar
C. Adam Smith
D. **Mahbub-ul-Haq**

**Q.46: Zimbabwe was the earlier known as;**
A. **Southern Rhodesia**
B. Gold Coast
C. Burkina Faso
D. Belgian Congo

**Q.47: Who was the American Ambassador who died along with President Zia-ul-Haq, in a plane crash in 1988?**
A. Tom Simon
B. Robert Milam
C. **Arnold Raphael**
D. John Wolf

**Q.48: What is the function of the heart pacemaker ?**
A. It decrease the heart beat
B. **It regulated the heart beat**
C. It increase the heart beat
D. It accelerates blood supply to the heart

**Q.49: Recently a leading politician, Salahuddin Quader Chaudhary, was hanged in Bangladesh. His father Fazlul Quader Chaudhry, had served on an important position in Pakistan prior to saparation of 4 Bangladesh ,4 please name the position;**
A. Vice President
B. Speaker
C. **Minister of Industries**
D. Governer of east Pakistan

**Q.50: Kamran baradari, is one of the oldest Mughal monuments and is located in Lahore. Who exactly was kamran?**
A. Brother of Queen Noorjahan
B. **Son of Babar/step brother of Humayun**
C. First Husband of Noorjahan
D. Brother of Sher shah Suri

**Q.51: Word Economics Forum which holds its annual sessions in Davos, Switzerland, was founded by;**
A. Henry Kissinger
B. Konrad Adenaur
C. **Schwab Klaus**
D. Christian Blocher

**Q.52: When was the right to vote given to women in Switzerland?**
A. 1935
B. 1950
C. 1965
D. **1971**

**Q.53: The learning Tower of Pisa is located in which Country?**
A. Switzerland
B. **Italy**
C. Malta
D. The Natherland

**Q.54: U Thant was the first UN Secretary General from Asia. To which country did he belong to?**
A. Thailand
B. Cambodia
C. Japan
D. **Burma**

**Q.55: On which river is the baglihar Dam being constructed by India?**
A. **Chenab**
B. Jhelum
C. Indus
D. Sutlej

**Q.56: How many acres are in one Hectare?**
A. **2.47**
B. 3.47
C. 4.47
D. 5.47

**Q.57: Liquids that evaporates quickly are known as ------ liquids.**
A. Viscuous
B. Transient
C. **Volatile**
D. Light

**Q.58: If a ship travels from freshwater to sea or ocean it will;**
A. **Rise a little highr**
B. Sink completely
C. Sink a little lower
D. Remain un affected

**Q.59: Which one of the following fruits/ vegitables is a good source of potassium?**
A. Beetroot
B. Bananas
C. Sweet potatoes
D. **Spinach**

**Q.60: Which of the following countries expelled the Palestine Liberation Organization (PLO) in 1970?**
A. Syria
B. Lebanon
C. Israel
D. **Jordan**

**Q.61: Which actor played the role of Quaid-e-Azam Muhammad Ali Jinnah in the feature film "Jinnah" directed by Jamil Dehalvi?**
A. Nusli Wadia
B. Ben Kingsley
C. **Christopher Lee**
D. Peter O Toole

**Q.62: The Oscar Award winning film "Slumdog Millionaire is based on the book Q and A written by;**
A. Hanif Kureishi
B. Shashi Tharcor
C. **Vikas Swarup**
D. Mohsin Hamid

**Q.63: What was the real name of famous Pakistani actor Santosh Kumar?**
A. Nazir Baig
B. Syed Mushtaq Razvi
C. **Syed Musa Raza**
D. Younas Khan

**Q.64: which one of the following Greenhouse gases has the greatest warming effect?**
A. **Corbondioxide**
B. Corbonmonooxide
C. Methane
D. Hellium

**Q.65: Climate change Conference COP21 was held in Paris. Where was COP20 held?**
A. **Lima**
B. Kyoto
C. Montreal
D. New York

**Q.66: Which of the following species is endemic to Pakistan?**
A. **Indus river Dolphins**
B. Snow Leopards
C. Gypsy Vultures
D. Houbara Bustard

**Q.67: Which animal is most illegally traded animal in the worls?**
A. Elephants
B. Rhinoceros
C. **Pangolin**
D. Turtles

**Q.68: Mr. and Mrs. Sajjad have seven daughters. Each daughter has one brother. What is the total Number of persons in the family?**
A. 14
B. **10**
C. 15
D. 12

**Q.69: If five cars are parked bumper to bumper, how many bumpers are touching each other?**
A. 4
B. 5
C. **8**
D. 10

**Q.70: The Youngest Son of Maharaja Ranjit Singh was elevated as Maharaja at a tender age of about 5 years. what was his name?**
A. Nao Nahal Singh
B. Karrak Singh
C. **Duleep Singh**
D. Langah ingh

**Q.71: Khudadad Khan was first South Asian soldier in the British army to recieve the highest military award for gallantry, the Victoria Cross during the first World War In which country was he fighting where he performed the act of bravery which earned him the Victoria Cross?**
A. France
B. Austria
C. **Belgium**
D. Netherland

**Q.72: Deosai National Park is remarkable as it is one of the highest plateaus in the World with an average elevation of 4,114 metres. In which region of Pakistan is it located ?**
A. Balochistan
B. **Gilgit-Baltistan**
C. Potohar-Punjab
D. Khyber Pakhtunkhwa

**Q.73: G.T Road is one of the main highways of Pakistan what does G.T Road stand for?**
A. General Traffic
B. **Grand Trunk**
C. General Truner
D. Khyber Pakhtunkhwa

**Q.74: How many administative Divisions are there in Punjab?**
A. 8
B. 6
C. 3
D. **9**

**Q.75: Which one of the following districts of Punjab has lowest population density?**
A. Dera Ghazi Khan
B. Layyah
C. **Rajanpur**
D. Bahawalpur

**Q.76: Lal Suhanra National Park located in Makran District, Balochistan is famous for its;**
A. Thick forest cover
B. **Archaeological sites**
C. Mud volcanoes
D. Cold spring

**Q.77: Major Shabbir Sharif was awarded Nishan-e-Haider posthumously which other medal for bravery was he awarded during his career in the Army?**
A. Tamgha-e-Basalat
B. Nishan-e-Shujaat
C. Hilal-e-Jurat
D. **Sitara-e-Jurat**

**Q.78: Father of former US Secretary of state, Madeline Albright was also a member of the UN Commission on India and Pakistan and author of the book "Danger in Kashmir" What was his name?**
A. Joseph Albright
B. **Joseph Korbel**
C. Owen Dixon
D. Alistair Lamb

**Q.79: Hingol National park located in Makran District Balochistan is famous for its**
A. Thick forest cover
B. Archaeological sites
C. **Mud Volcanoes**
D. Cold spring

**Q.80: Former Prime Minister of Malaysia, Mahathir Mohamed, was by education a (n)**
A. Engineer
B. Economist
C. Political Scientist
D. **Medical doctor**

**Q.81: Which Indian personality served as the President of the UN General Assembly in 1953-54**
A. S.Radha Krishan
B. Gopalswamy Ayyaengar
C. V.K Krishna Menon
D. **Vij**

**Q.82: Epistemology is the study of;**
A. **Knowledge**
B. parasites
C. Parasites
D. Religions

**Q.83: In which organ of the United Nations all member states of UN are represented?**
A. Economical and Social Council
B. **Genral Assembly**
C. Security Council
D. Human Rights Council

**Q.84: Falkand Islands or the Malvinas Islands are disputed between the United Kingdom and**
A. Brazil
B. Russia
C. **Argentina**
D. Chili

**Q.85: Who was the leader of the 1958 coup in Iraq, which led to proclamation of Iraq as a Republic?**
A. Sadam hussain
B. Nurl Al Said
C. **Abdul Karim Qasim**
D. Fadhel Jamali

**Q.86: Ustad Allah Bakhsh was famous--------- of Pakistan.**
A. Classical Singer
B. Sitar player
C. Tabla player
D. **painter**

**Q.87: Grassland plains located in Argentina are called:**
A. Prairies
B. Downs
C. Steppes
D. **Pampas**

**Q.88: Adviser to the Prime Minister on Foreign Affairs, Sartaj Aziz holds a Masters degree in Development Economics from;**
A. Cambridge University
B. **Harvard University**
C. Columbia Unversity
D. Karachi University

**Q.89: Strait of Gibralter connects the Atlantic Ocean with the**
A. Pacific Ocean
B. Indian Ocean
C. **Mediterranean Sea**
D. None of these

**Q.90: During his address to the UN General Assembly Prime Minister Nawaz Sharif proposed a new peace initiative with India starting with implementation of four measures relating to cease-fire along the LoC, non use of force or threat to use force, demillitarization of Kashmir and ---------**
A. Settlement of Sir Creek dispute
B. Wuller barrage
C. **Withdrawl of forces from Siachin**
D. Normalisation of trade

**Q.91: Taj Mahal is located on the bank of river:**
A. **Jamna (Yamuna)**
B. Ganges(Ganga)
C. Nerbada
D. Brahmputra

**Q.92: UNFCC (UN Framework Convention on Climate Change) was adopted during the Earth Summit at Rio de Janeiro (1992) When did it come in force?**
A. **March 1994**
B. August 1995
C. October 1996
D. january 1994

**Q.93: The Capital of Kosovo is:**
A. Zaghreb
B. **Pristina**
C. Sarajevo
D. Bratisilva

**Q.94: De Beers is one of the biggest names in diamond industry. Who was the founder of De Beers Consolidated Mining Company?**
A. **John Cecil Rhodes**
B. Joseph D. Rockefeller
C. John Krugger
D. Rupert Murdoch

**Q.95: Who was the first UN High Commissioner for Human Rights?**
A. Mary Robinson
B. **Jose Ayala Lasso**
C. Navin Pilay
D. Sadrudin Agha Khan

**Q.96: The Treaty of European Union (1992) is also Known as;**
A. Treaty of the hague
B. Treaty of Brussels
C. **Maastricht Treaty**
D. paris Accord (Treaty)

**Q.97: Usain Bolt holds the world recrd for 100 meters race. To which country does he belong to ?**
A. barbados
B. **Jamaica**
C. USA
D. Kenya

**Q.98: Detroit, USA is associated with _____ industry.**
A. **Automobile**
B. Computer
C. Toys
D. Electronics

**Q.99: King Abdul Aziz Ibn Saud named the Kingdom of Hejaz and najd as Saudi Arabia in;**
A. 1924
B. 1930
C. **1932**
D. 1936

**Q.100: Faiz Ahmed Faiz was awarded the Lenin peace Prize in 1962 in which year did Abdul Sattar Edhi recieve the Lenin Peace Prize?**
A. **1988**
B. 1990
C. 1992
D. 1995

# Provincial Management Service
# (Answer Key)

| | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1. **B** | 2. **B** | 3. **C** | 4. **C** | 5. **A** | 6. **A** | 7. **B** | 8. **C** | 9. **B** | 10. **C** |
| 11. **D** | 12. **B** | 13. **C** | 14. **B** | 15. **A** | 16. **A** | 17. **A** | 18. **D** | 19. **A** | 20. **B** |
| 21. **A** | 22. **D** | 23. **C** | 24. **D** | 25. **B** | 26. **C** | 27. **C** | 28. **C** | 29. **D** | 30. **A** |
| 31. **B** | 32. **C** | 33. **A** | 34. **D** | 35. **D** | 36. **D** | 37. **C** | 38. **C** | 39. **D** | 40. **C** |
| 41. **A** | 42. **B** | 43. **A** | 44. **B** | 45. **D** | 46. **A** | 47. **C** | 48. **B** | 49. **C** | 50. **B** |
| 51. **C** | 52. **D** | 53. **B** | 54. **D** | 55. **A** | 56. **A** | 57. **C** | 58. **A** | 59. **D** | 60. **D** |
| 61. **C** | 62. **C** | 63. **C** | 64. **A** | 65. **A** | 66. **A** | 67. **C** | 68. **B** | 69. **C** | 70. **C** |
| 71. **C** | 72. **B** | 73. **B** | 74. **D** | 75. **C** | 76. **B** | 77. **D** | 78. **B** | 79. **C** | 80. **D** |
| 81. **D** | 82. **A** | 83. **B** | 84. **C** | 85. **C** | 86. **D** | 87. **D** | 88. **B** | 89. **C** | 90. **C** |
| 91. **A** | 92. **A** | 93. **B** | 94. **A** | 95. **B** | 96. **C** | 97. **B** | 98. **A** | 99. **C** | 100. **A** |